

City of Wilsonville, Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL

FINANCIAL

REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Prepared by the Finance Department of the City of Wilsonville This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Letter of Transmittal	9
Certificate of Achievement	
List of Officials	
City of Wilsonville Organizational Chart	

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report	19
Management's Discussion and Analysis	23
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	46
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	50
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	51
Statement of Cash Flows	52
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	53
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Net Pension Liability	83
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	84
Transit Fund	85
Notes to Required Supplemental Information	86
Other Supplementary Information:	
Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheets:	
Governmental Funds	90
Special Revenue Funds	91
Capital Project Funds	92
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:	
Governmental Funds	94
Special Revenue Funds	95
Capital Project Funds	96

Other Supplementary Information (continued)	
Budgetary Comparisons:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Community Development	
Building Inspection Fund	
Road Operating	
Road Maintenance Regulatory	
Debt Service Funds:	
Urban Renewal Debt Service:	
Year 2000 Plan	
West Side Plan	
Capital Project Funds:	
Street Capital Projects	
Building Capital Projects	
Park Capital Projects	
Street Development Charges	
Washington County Transportation Development Tax	
Park Development Charges	
Urban Renewal – Year 2000 Plan:	
Capital Projects	
Program Income	
Urban Renewal – West Side Plan:	
Capital Projects	
Program Income	
Proprietary Funds:	
Water Operating	
Water Capital Projects	
Water Development Charges	
Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Sewer Operating	
Sewer Capital Projects	
Sewer Development Charges	
Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Stormwater Operating	
Stormwater Capital Projects	
Stormwater Development Charges	
Stormwater Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Street Lighting	
Street Lighting Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP	
Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balances to GAAP Basis - Net Position	
Fleet Internal Service Fund	

STATISTICAL SECTION

Net Position by Component	
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	144
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	146
Program Revenues by Function	148
General Governmental Revenues – Taxes, Licenses and Permits Breakdown	150
Assessed Value of Property	151
Consolidated Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	152
Principal Taxpayers	153
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	156
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net	
General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	158
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt	
to Total General Government Expenditures	159
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt – General Obligation Bonds	
Revenue Bond Coverage	
Sewer Fund	
Water Fund	
Demographic Statistics	
Top 15 Water System Customers	167
Principal Employers	
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	169
Operating Indicators by Function	170
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	172

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulation	s 175
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement
- List of Officials
- City of Wilsonville Organizational Chart



October 31, 2017

Mayor Tim Knapp, City Councilors and Citizens of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon

In accordance with ORS 297.425, we are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Wilsonville, Oregon (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

This report presents the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2017, and the results of its operations and cash flows for its proprietary fund types for the year then ended. The financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and meet the requirements of the standards as prescribed by the Secretary of State. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City.

The accuracy of the City's financial statements and the completeness and fairness of their presentation is the responsibility of City management. The City maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized use and that the financial records can be relied upon to produce financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of maintaining the system of internal accounting controls should not exceed benefits likely to be derived.

The City's annual financial statements are a culmination of on-going monitoring of revenues and expenditures to ensure the City's financial policies are met, including those policies that state monthly and quarterly financial reports will be provided to management, that any operating deficits will be immediately corrected, and that investments are managed according to the stated objectives set forth. Monthly financial reports are provided internally, while quarterly reports are posted to the City's website for review by the City Council, Budget Committee members and the public. The City did not experience any operating deficits during the fiscal year.

The financial statements reflect routine City operations for the year, with no major budgetary initiatives. Levels of service increased incrementally, with the addition of one new information technology position, additional park operations and maintenance staff, and additional public works maintenance staff. These additions are funded from a variety of sources, including property tax revenue and monthly utility charges. The City's Transit Agency routinely receives grants to fund the purchases of rolling stock.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditors, beginning on page 23.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

For financial reporting purposes, the City is a primary government. Its governing Council is elected by the citizens in a general election. This report includes all organizations and activities for which the elected officials exercise financial control. The City has one blended component unit governmental entity, the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of Wilsonville. The financial statements of that entity are included in this report. The City interacts or contracts with various other governmental entities, but is not financially accountable for those entities.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council which consists of a Mayor and four Council members. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, resolutions, adopting the budget, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney among other things. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, managing the day-to-day government operations, and appointing department heads. The Mayor and Council members are non-partisan and serve a four-year term. These terms are staggered with two Council positions and the Mayor elected in November 2016, while the remaining two other Council positions are up for election in 2018.

The City prepares an annual budget in accordance with the policies and priorities set forth in the City's Comprehensive Plan, City Council Goals, the needs of the community, and federal and state laws. Oregon local budget law is set out in Oregon Revised Statutes 294.305 to 294.565. The City's budget is presented by fund. Budgetary control is at the department level or at the major object category if only one department exists in a fund. Ongoing review and monitoring of revenues and expenditures is performed by the Finance Department and the appropriate operating departments.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Wilsonville is located along Interstate 5, mid-way between the State's largest city, Portland, and the State capital, Salem. It is approximately 20 miles south of Portland and 30 miles north of Salem. The City is located in two counties – on the western edge of Clackamas County and southeastern edge of Washington County. Under Oregon law, each of the state's cities and metropolitan areas has created an urban growth boundary around its perimeter. The City of Wilsonville is included as part of the Portland metropolitan area's urban growth boundary. The region, while diverse in nature, is particularly strong in the high-tech industry. Timber production and agriculture dominate economic activities outside of the urban area. The Portland area has an international airport and port facilities for ocean going vessels. The major economic activity of Salem is government, being the State capital and the county seat for Marion County, with government employment accounting for 22% of the labor force, as of June 30, 2017.

Unemployment in the region has trended down over the last year, as it has in the rest of the nation. The Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported an unemployment rate of 3.9%, as of June 2017, for the Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro metropolitan area, dropping from 5.1% in June of 2016. This compares to the downward trend in the unemployment rate nation-wide, which was 4.4% in June of 2017, dropping from 4.9% in June of 2016. The local price index shows signs of inflation; the Portland-Salem consumer price index shows prices increased about 4.42%¹ from June of 2016 to June of 2017. This same increasing trend is seen nation-wide, although at a slower increase – the nation-wide trend in the price index increased about 2.2% over the same period.

The City of Wilsonville has outstanding transportation accessibility and networks linking its citizens to the greater Portland area and to Salem. The City is home to its own dynamic, growing, and diversified economy. The City's mix of businesses includes established international and regional employers. In addition, the City has a large base of small businesses, in a wide range of industries.

Wilsonville is home to a number of high-tech businesses and is perfectly situated for warehouse and distribution centers as the southern gateway into the Portland metropolitan area along the Interstate 5 (I-5) corridor. Several large companies have made Wilsonville their corporate headquarters. Among the larger are Mentor Graphics and Flir Systems, Inc. Three other large companies, SYSCO, Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of the Northwest, and Rite-Aid, have selected Wilsonville for regional warehouse, bottling, and distribution centers, respectively. As can be seen in the table below that lists the top ten employers in the City, it is not dependent upon any one company for economic vitality. Currently, an estimated 17,387 people are employed at locations throughout the City. Table 1 on the next page presents the top ten employers in the City, as of July 2017.

¹CPI – All Urban Consumers for Portland-Salem. The CPI represents all goods and services purchased for consumption, arranged into eight major groups: 1) Food and Beverage; 2) Housing; 3) Apparel; 4)Transportation; 5)Medical Care; 6) Recreation; 7)Education and Communication; and 8) Other Goods and Services (such as tobacco products, services, etc.)

TABLE 1 TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS (as of July 2017)

	2	016-17
Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of total City employment*
CAD software systems	986	5.7%
Customer and technical support	798	4.6%
Copiers and printers	687	4.0%
Warehouse & distribution center	545	3.1%
Aerospace technology	475	2.7%
Beverage distribution	366	2.1%
Medical & Technical Equipment	359	2.1%
Wholesale retail	292	1.7%
Beverage distribution	283	1.6%
Grocer	261	1.5%
	5,052	29.1%
	CAD software systems Customer and technical support Copiers and printers Warehouse & distribution center Aerospace technology Beverage distribution Medical & Technical Equipment Wholesale retail Beverage distribution	Type of BusinessNumber of EmployeesCAD software systems986Customer and technical support798Copiers and printers687Warehouse & distribution center545Aerospace technology475Beverage distribution366Medical & Technical Equipment359Wholesale retail292Beverage distribution283Grocer261

*Total employment for FY 2016-17 was 17,387 Source: City of Wilsonville, Business Licenses

Another factor of Wilsonville's economic vitality is that of population growth. Over the past ten years, Wilsonville's population growth rate has generally been greater than the State of Oregon's growth rates. The City's population has increased approximately 36.4% in that time frame, compared to the population growth state-wide, at approximately 9%. Table 2 presents population growth for the City, Clackamas County, and the State.

TABLE 2 POPULATION ESTIMATES (at July 1)

	City of	Percent	Clackamas	Percent	State of	Percent
Year	Wilsonville	Change	County	Change	Oregon	Change
2007-08	17,405	3.08%	372,270	1.42%	3,739,359	1.47%
2008-09	17,940	3.07%	376,660	1.18%	3,784,182	1.20%
2009-10	18,020	0.45%	379,845	0.85%	3,815,775	0.83%
2010-11	18,095	0.42%	376,780	-0.81%	3,837,300	0.56%
2011-12	19,565	8.12%	378,480	0.45%	3,857,625	0.53%
2012-13	20,515	4.86%	381,680	0.85%	3,883,735	0.68%
2013-14	21,550	5.05%	386,080	1.15%	3,919,020	0.91%
2014-15	21,980	2.00%	391,525	1.41%	3,962,710	1.11%
2015-16	22,870	4.05%	397,385	1.50%	4,013,845	1.29%
2016-17	23,740	3.80%	404,980	1.91%	4,076,350	1.56%

Source: Population Research Center at Portland State University. Percent change is relative to the preceding year.

As a reflection of its desirability as a place to live and work, Wilsonville continues to experience a healthy degree of real estate development. The City anticipates continued expansion in residential, commercial, and industrial developments. This optimism is based on numerous factors: First, the City is strategically located along the south metro I-5 corridor and has in its boundaries some of the last major tracts of vacant land within the southern portion of the urban growth boundary. Second, the City has a sustainable long-term water supply and a multi-barrier water

treatment plant. Third, the City recently completed a major upgrade and expansion of its wastewater treatment plant. Fourth, the City places an emphasis on long range planning and preparing for growth. For example, although the City continues to focus attention on improvements and developments in the City's West Side District, it also has progressed with planning for the future of 500 acres east of Wilsonville (Frog Pond) for future development. Long range planning is also underway in the City's northwest for the Basalt Creek and Coffee Creek areas.

The City has faced the same real estate market instability as has much of the nation over the past several years, but has seen a rebound beginning in FY 2013-14. Real market values appeared to have hit bottom in FY 2011-12, and have risen steadily since that year. This improvement since FY 2011-12 in Wilsonville appears to be due to the City being primed for development and it continues to be a desirable regional location to live and work.

The City is expected to maintain a healthy growth rate for the foreseeable future, as home construction continues in many areas of the City. The City issued 334 residential construction permits in fiscal year 2017. While robust, it is down from the peak of 465 issued in fiscal year 2013. These numbers contrast to the low point of 45 issued during the recession, in fiscal year 2010. One of the newer housing developments, known as Villebois, will eventually encompass roughly 480 acres and include 2,600 residential units, retail storefronts, multiple park areas and a primary school. This development is expected to continue to fuel the City's population growth over the next several years.

However, the growth in real market value not does not affect the amount of property taxes the City receives; instead, property tax revenue is based on assessed value. Measure 50, passed in the 1990s, separated real market value from assessed value, and limited the growth of a property's assessed value to 3% unless development occurs or other improvements are made. The assessed valuation within City limits has grown each year over the last ten years by an average of 5.5%, thanks in large part to new development within the Urban Renewal Districts. Therefore, even though real market values declined during the recession, total assessed valuation within the city did not. In recent years, new construction has added to the assessed valuation. These factors point to a relatively stable base of valuation within Wilsonville's city limits.

The table below compares the real market value of Clackamas County to the City, and compares the real market value of the City to the assessed value. It is important to note that the majority of the City is within Clackamas County, but a small piece of the City is within Washington County.

	Clackama	s County	_City of Wi	of Wilsonville City of Wils			
	Real	Percent	Real	Percent	Assessed	Percent	
Year	Market	Change	Market	Change	Value	Change	
2007-08	57,193	17.6%	3,426	15.8%	2,196	6.9%	
2008-09	60,008	4.9%	3,741	9.2%	2,333	6.3%	
2009-10	54,458	-9.2%	3,558	-4.9%	2,461	5.5%	
2010-11	48,904	-10.2%	3,121	-12.3%	2,503	1.7%	
2011-12	45,749	-6.5%	2,905	-6.9%	2,551	1.9%	
2012-13	44,030	-3.8%	2,918	0.4%	2,633	3.2%	
2013-14	45,905	4.3%	3,081	5.6%	2,758	4.8%	
2014-15	51,015	11.1%	3,488	13.2%	2,972	7.8%	
2015-16	56,348	10.5%	3,887	11.4%	3,173	6.7%	
2016-17	63,521	12.7%	4,393	13.0%	3,403	7.3%	

TABLE 4 REAL MARKET AND ASSESSED VALUES (in millions)

Source: Clackamas and Washington County Assessors' Offices

For the year ahead, many national economists predict a continuing, but slow economic growth. The City of Wilsonville expects to continue on a solid financial path by observing the guiding principles of vision, planning, community partnership, and financial stewardship. The City Council adopted an Economic Development Strategy in April of 2013 that provides the framework and vision for future economic growth in the City. The plan was developed and vetted by an ad hoc Economic Development Strategy Task Force comprised of the business community, residents, City boards, Wilsonville Chamber of Commerce, West-Linn Wilsonville School District,

Oregon Institute of Technology, Clackamas County Community College, and The Tualatin Valley Fire District. These proactive, strategic actions, along with continued financial stewardship, will position the City for future growth and development.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

As with any growing community, the City will continue to have an ongoing need for new or expanded streets, sewer systems, transportation alternatives, public safety measures, and cultural and recreation opportunities. Service levels are set and planned for in a manner in which costs are not allowed to exceed revenue. The City actively engages in financial planning through an annual five-year forecast process, its yearly budgetary process, and the creation of master plans for infrastructure improvements and expansions to transportation, water, sewer, stormwater and parks.

Major financial decisions are made in the context of the five-year forecast. The financial planning tool has two components; a five year financial forecast for each operating fund and five year forecast of capital project needs. The goal of the operating fund forecast is to assess the City's ability over the next five years to continue to effectively provide service levels based on projected growth, meet goals set by Council, preserve the City's long-term fiscal health, and to ensure financial reserve levels specified in the financial policies are maintained. Capital project needs are based upon master plans, development agreements, input from applicable Commissions and Committees and Council directed improvements. The forecast serves as a tool to identify financial trends, potential shortfalls, and emerging issues so the City can proactively address them.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wilsonville for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report. This was the 20th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was a combined effort of the dedicated staff in the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. We also acknowledge the efforts of other departments who provided information that helped to make the report far more than a presentation of financial statements.

In closing, we acknowledge the City Council of the City of Wilsonville for their continued support and leadership.

Sincerely,

Buthow

Bryan Cosgrove City Manager

Sugar We

Susan Cole Finance Director-



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Wilsonville Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Ipay R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

June 30, 2017

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	Position	Term Expires
Tim Knapp	Mayor	December 31, 2020
Scott Starr	Council President	December 31, 2018
Susie Stevens	Councilor	December 31, 2018
Charolette Lehan	Councilor	December 31, 2020
Kristin Akervall	Councilor	December 31, 2020

Principal Officials

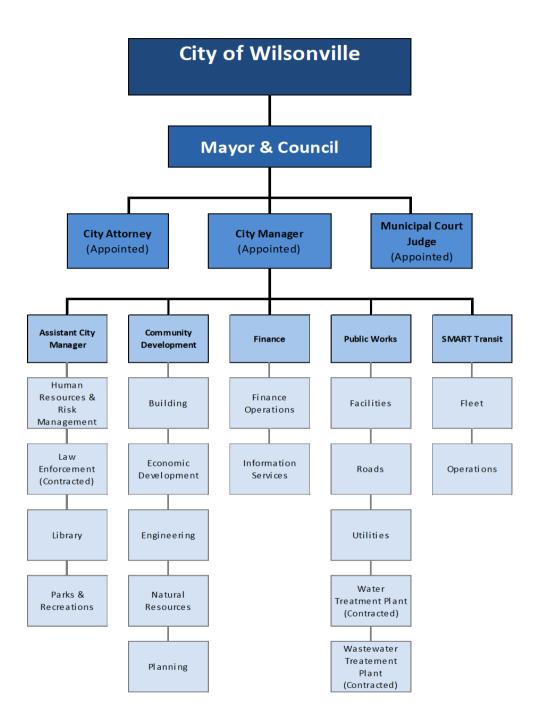
Bryan Cosgrove Barbara Jacobson Susan Cole Karen Veliz City Manager City Attorney Finance Director City Recorder

Mailing Address

29799 SW Town Center Loop, East Wilsonville, OR 97070-0220

www.ci.wilsonville.or.us

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Organizational Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Budgetary Comparisons
- Other Financial Schedules



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wilsonville, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wilsonville, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Wilsonville, Oregon's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Wilsonville, Oregon's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

⁵⁴⁹⁹ AMY STREET • WEST LINN, OREGON 97068 • PHONE: (503) 723-0300 • FAX: (503) 723-9946 WWW.MERINACPAS.COM

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wilsonville, Oregon, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 4 to the financial statements, in 2017, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis schedule and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedule net pension liability, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Wilsonville, Oregon's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2017 on our consideration of City of Wilsonville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is issued separately and is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Wilsonville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2017, on our consideration of City of Wilsonville, Oregon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Jonge Miff

For Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon November 21, 2017

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As management of The City of Wilsonville, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Wilsonville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal at the front of this report and with the City's basic financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$408.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$59.9 million represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased \$19.0 million in governmental activities and \$8.9 million in business type activities for a total increase of \$27.9 million.
- The City's total debt outstanding decreased \$5.5 million or 7.2% during the current fiscal year. No debt was refinanced or acquired during the fiscal year.
- For its governmental activities, the City received \$25.7 million in tax revenue, up approximately \$1.9 million (or 8.0%) over the prior year. General purpose property taxes increased \$0.3 million. Property taxes collected for debt, exclusively for urban renewal in the current year, increased \$0.5 million. Other tax revenue increased \$1.1 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City recognized \$25.6 million in program revenue including \$19.4 million in charges for services (up 2.7% over prior year) and \$6.2 million in capital contributions (a 29.6% decrease from prior year).
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds report a combined fund balance of \$76.1 million, an \$11.7 million increase over the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance reported, \$68.5 million is considered nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The remaining \$7.6 million is available for spending at the government's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Wilsonville's basic financial statements. The City of Wilsonville's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, combining statements and budgetary schedules which follow the financial section. Additionally, there are a variety of statistical tables and special reports from our independent certified public accountants as required by Oregon law.

Government-wide Financial Statements (full accrual). The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Wilsonville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Wilsonville's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Wilsonville is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City of Wilsonville's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Wilsonville that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Wilsonville include general government, public safety, transportation, public works, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City of Wilsonville include sewer, water, stormwater, and street lighting.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Wilsonville itself (known as the primary government), but also a legal separate urban renewal agency. The urban renewal agency, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City of Wilsonville, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 37-39 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Wilsonville, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Wilsonville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• **Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. The government funds statements provide a detailed short-term view to cash, the governmental fund operations and the basic services it provides. These statements may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and that which is reported in the governmental funds.

The City maintains 18 individual governmental funds as of June 30, 2017, including those of the urban renewal component unit. Five of these funds (General Fund, Transit Fund, Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Debt Service Fund, Urban Renewal Year West Side Plan Debt Service Fund, and Urban Renewal West Side Capital Projects Fund) are considered to be major funds and reported separately in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The remaining 13 governmental funds are aggregated into a single column presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major funds is provided in the combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual budget for all its funds. Budgetary comparisons schedules are provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

• **Proprietary funds**. The City of Wilsonville maintains two different types of business activity funds – enterprise funds and an internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's enterprise funds charge fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services provided. The City's water, sewer, stormwater and street lighting systems are reported as enterprise funds. The City's Fleet Fund is reported as an internal service fund, in which the principal operating revenues are from other organizational units within the City.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the City's financial statements. The notes begin on page 53.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position especially when viewed over multiple periods of time. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$408.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This is a \$27.9 million increase (7.3%) in net position over prior year's \$380.8 million. The following table reflects a summary of Net Position compared to the prior fiscal year.

		TABLE 1		Position in millio		OF JUNE 3	0								
	Go۱	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities					ivities	Total Primary Governme							
	2	2017		2017		2016		2017		2016	2017			2016	
Assets															
Current and other assets	\$	82.8	\$	70.4	\$	46.4	\$	40.1	\$	129.2	\$	110.5			
Capital assets		229.5		222.6		137.0		137.7		366.5		360.3			
Total assets		312.3		293.0		183.4		177.8		495.7		470.8			
Deferred Outflows of Resources															
Pension outflow		8.2		1.7		0.6		0.1		8.8		1.8			
Deferred charge on refunding		-		-		0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2			
Total deferred outflow of resources		8.2		1.7		0.8		0.3		9.0		2.0			
Liabilities															
Otherliabilities		4.6		10.5		1.2		1.8		5.8		12.3			
Noncurrent liabilities		49.4		35.8		39.7		42.0		89.1		77.8			
Total liabilities		54.0		46.3		40.9		43.8		94.9		90.1			
Deferred Inflows of Resources															
Pension inflow		1.0		1.8		0.1		0.3		1.1		1.9			
Net position															
Net investment in															
capital assets		198.2		191.8		98.6		95.9		296.8		287.7			
Restricted		34.6		24.2		17.4		14.1		52.0		38.3			
Unrestricted		32.7		30.6		27.2		24.2		59.9		54.8			
Total net position	\$	265.5	\$	246.6	\$	143.2	\$	134.2	\$	408.7	\$	380.8			

The City's \$408.7 million net position consists of three parts. The largest portion of the City's net position, at \$296.8 million (72.6% of the total), is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, building, equipment and streets) and reported net of related outstanding debt. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; thus, they do not represent resources available for future spending.

Restricted net position totals \$52.0 million (or 12.7% of total net position) and represents cash and investments that are legally restricted for capital expansion or debt service.

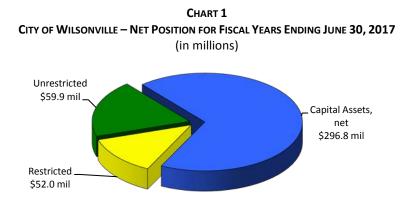
The remaining \$59.9 million (or 14.7%) is unrestricted and is available for meeting the City's ongoing obligations. The City's net pension liability rose 131.5% over prior year from \$7.2 million to \$16.8 million, the result from an Oregon Supreme Court decision (*Moro v. Oregon*). The increased liability, however, is largely offset as a deferred outflow of resources, thus mitigating any current year change in total net position. The overall change in unrestricted net position is an increase of \$5.1 million, up 9.3%.

The following chart displays the three components of net position as of June 30, 2017.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



Statement of Activities

As indicated in Table 2 below, total net position of the City increased by \$27.9 million, which is up 32.2% from the prior year change in net position of \$21.1 million. Descriptions of significant activities follow the table below.

TABLE 2 - STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

(in millions)

		("		monsy								
	_				_		_			Total P		•
		/ernment			-	iness-ty	-		·		rnment	
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	5.9	\$	5.8	\$	19.4	\$	18.9	\$	25.3	\$	24.7
Operating grants and contributions		3.0		3.1		-		-		3.0		3.1
Capital grants and contributions		15.8		12.8		6.2		8.8		22.0		21.6
General revenues:												
Property taxes		16.3		15.5		-		-		16.3		15.5
Franchise, transit, hotel tax		9.4		8.3		-		-		9.4		8.3
Interest		0.7		0.4		0.3		0.3		1.0		0.7
Other		0.6		1.4		0.1		0.1		0.7		1.5
Total revenues		51.7		47.3		26.0		28.1		77.7		75.4
Expenses												
Governmental activities:												
General government		4.0		4.7		-		-		4.0		4.7
Public safety		4.3		4.1		-		-		4.3		4.1
Transportation		5.6		6.4		-		-		5.6		6.4
Public works		8.8		9.6		-		-		8.8		9.6
Culture and recreation		4.8		5.5		-		-		4.8		5.5
Community development		5.1		6.2		-		-		5.1		6.2
Interest on long-term debt		1.3		1.4		-		-		1.3		1.4
Business-type activities:												
Water		-		-		6.6		6.8		6.6		6.8
Sewer		-		-		6.9		6.9		6.9		6.9
Stormwater		-		-		2.0		2.3		2.0		2.3
Street lighting		-		-		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4
Total expenses		33.9		37.9		15.9		16.4		49.8		54.3
Increase in net position before transfers		17.8		9.4		10.1		11.7		27.9		21.1
Transfers		1.2		0.1		(1.2)		(0.1)		-		-
Increase in net position		19.0		9.5		8.9		11.6		27.9		21.1
Beginning net position		246.5		237.0		134.3		122.7		380.8		359.7
Ending net position	\$	265.5	\$	246.5	\$	143.2	\$	134.3	\$	408.7	\$	380.8
	¥		<u> </u>	0.0	<u>~</u>	2.5.2	<u> </u>	10 110	<u> </u>		Ŷ	230.0

Governmental activities – The total change in net position for governmental activities is \$19.0 million, which is an increase of \$9.5 million over the prior year, matching the prior year increase of \$9.5 million. The increase is the net result of the following variances:

- Charges for services incrementally up 1.7% with increases in Transportation and Public Works program revenue offset by decreases in the Community Development and Culture and Recreation programs.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased 3.2% (\$0.1 million), the result of the completions of a federally funded transportation grant program.
- Capital grants and contributions increased 23.4% (\$3.0 million) over prior year mainly due to an increase in developer contributions, up \$0.7 million, and road system development contributions, up \$2.1 million.
- General revenues increased 5.4% (\$1.4 million) over prior year with increases in property tax revenue up \$0.8 million from increases in assessed values, an improving economy, and new construction. Franchise and hotel taxes, up \$1.1 million, and investment revenue, up \$0.3 million, also contributed to the increase with offset reductions in miscellaneous other category.
- Total governmental activity expense decreased \$4.0 million or 10.6% in the current year largely the result of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, accounting related to pensions. Under GASB 68 certain changes in the net pension liability are included in pension expense in the period of the change while others are required to be reported as deferred outflows of deferred inflows. In the current year, a major Oregon Supreme Court decision (*Moro v. Oregon*) affected the City's net pension liability and related deferred Inflows/Outlfows as reported on the Statement of Net Position, as well as the treatment of current pension expense as reported here on the Statement of Activities.
- Transfers increased \$1.1 million out of the governmental activities largely from the effect of the differential between a transfer of capital assets in the current year and prior year.

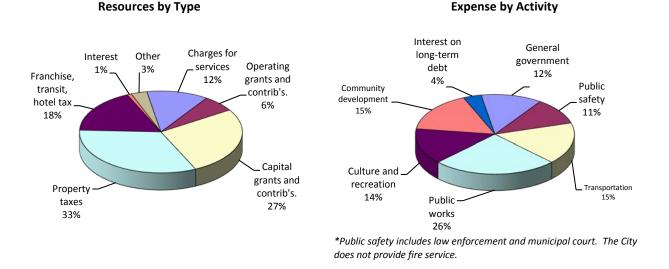


CHART 2 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

Business-type activities – Business-type activities generated an \$8.9 million increase to the City's total net position, down \$2.7 million from last year's gain. Financial highlights include:

- Total revenue across all funds decreased \$2.1 million with the charges for services increase of \$0.5 million offset by a \$2.6 million reduction in capital grants and contributions from developers.
- Total expenses across all funds decreased \$0.5 million from reduced pension expense in the current year over prior year.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

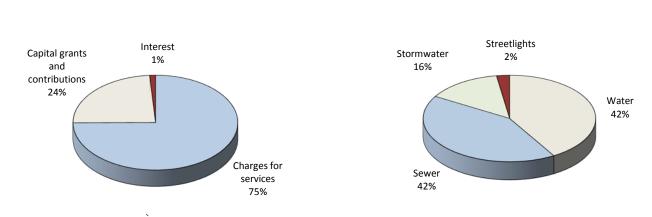


CHART 3 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

Expenses by Activity

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS Governmental Funds

Resources by Type

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City financing requirements. Fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$76.1 million, an increase of \$11.7 million over the prior year. Approximately, 9.9% (\$7.6 million) of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, with remaining amounts either assigned (\$29.2 million), committed (\$4.4 million), restricted (\$34.7 million), or in a non-spendable form (\$0.2 million). Assigned amounts are intended for specific purposes as expressed by the City. Restricted amounts are constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), while committed amounts are constrained to specific purposes by the City itself. The City's five major government funds are analyzed below.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$7.6 million, while total fund balance reached \$17.3 million. Total fund revenues exceeded fund expenditures by \$2.1 million (up 17.5% over prior year). Fund revenues were up 4.6% over prior year while expenditures increased only 2.6% resulting in the increased differential for the year. Other financing uses (net), including an increase in transfers-out of one-time General Fund funded capital improvement projects, were responsible for the overall total net change in fund balance amount of \$1.0 million.

The Transit Fund records the activity of the City's bus system and transportation alternatives programs. The primary resource is a payroll tax on local businesses which provided revenues of \$5.6 million, up 34.5% (or \$1.4 million) from prior year taxes. The large increase was in part due to one-time local area business corporate restructuring. Fund expenditures were up roughly 5.2% (or \$0.3 million) mainly the result of increased spending on capital outlay bus purchases. The ending fund balance closed the year at \$3.6 million, up \$0.9 million from prior year.

The Year 2000 Debt Service Fund accounts for the debt service of Year 2000's Urban Renewal District. The primary revenue source is from the property revenue generated from incremental assessed value within the district and provided \$4.1 million dollars in revenue. The ending fund balance of \$9.0 million will be used for the repayment of future debt.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

The West Side Debt Service Fund accounts for the debt service of the Westside's Urban Renewal District. The primary revenue source is from the property revenue generated from incremental assessed value within the district and provided \$5.7 million dollars in revenue. The ending fund balance of \$9.5 million will be used for the repayment of future debt.

The West Side Plan Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction or reconstruction of capital projects within the boundaries of the West Side Urban Renewal District. Capital expenditures decreased \$3.1 million over the prior year primarily due to the close out of the Barber Street extension project which was substantially completed in the prior year. The ending fund balance closed the year at \$0.1 million, versus the prior year ending fund balance amount of \$1.6 million.

Proprietary Funds

The Water Fund ended the year with a \$4.0 million increase in net position. Operating revenues exceeded operating and non-operating expenses by \$2.0 million contributing 50.0% of that increase. Capital contributions from developers totaling \$2.6 million offset by transfers-out of \$0.5 million and net non-operating expenses of \$0.1 million was responsible for the remaining 50.0%. The fund ended the fiscal year with a \$60.2 million net position, with \$13.2 million of that amount unrestricted and the remaining balance restricted for or invested (net) in capital assets.

The Sewer Fund ended the year with a \$2.9 million increase in net position. Operating revenues exceeded operating and non-operating expense by \$2.4 million, contributing 82.8% of that increase. Capital contributions from developers totaling \$1.9 million offset by transfers-out of \$0.5 million and net non-operating expense of \$1.0 million was responsible for the remaining 17.2%. Non-operating expense includes interest expense of \$1.2 million associated with outstanding debt. The fund ended the fiscal year with a \$50.4 million net position, with \$11.2 million of that amount unrestricted and the remaining balance restricted for or invested (net) in capital assets.

The Stormwater Fund ended the year with a \$1.6 million increase in net position. Operating revenues exceeded operating and non-operating expense by \$0.5 million, contributing 31.3% of that increase. Capital contributions from developers totaling \$1.3 million plus net non-operating revenue of 0.5 offset by transfers-out of \$0.3 million was responsible for the remaining 68.7%. The fund ended the fiscal year with a \$27.7 million net position, with \$1.6 million of that amount unrestricted and the remaining balance restricted for or invested (net) in capital assets.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget:

The original budget of the General Fund was amended three times during the fiscal year 2017. Final budgeted expense amounts for personnel services, materials & services, capital outlay, and transfers-out, differ from the original budget by supplemental appropriations of \$567,770, or 3.0%, with amounts funded through contingency. The major changes in these appropriations are as follows:

- Materials & services was increased \$155,000 including \$35,000 for special projects in the Administration Program area; \$15,500 for consultant fees and office furniture in Finance; and \$105,000 for Fiber Business Plan, Strategic Plan, and Payment Card Industry (PCI) compliance remediation in the Information Systems Program.
- Capital Outlay was increased \$49,645 split out between Parks and Recreation and the Building Maintenance programs in the General Fund with additional contributory amounts budgeted in Road Operations, Water Operations, and Sewer Operation Funds for the purchase of a new truck with swap loader attachment.
- Transfers-out to other funds increased to reflect funding for the following capital improvement projects: Coffee Creek Area planning, Frog Pond master planning, fiber connectivity project, Citywide signage and wayfinding plan, community center remodel, City facilities repairs, and annual play structure replacement costs.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Final budget compared to actual results:

General Fund actual revenues, excluding other financing sources, totaled \$13.8 million and exceeded budgeted revenue amounts by \$0.8 million, or 6.1%. Property taxes comprise 74.9% of revenues and are generated from a permanent tax rate of \$2.5206 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Property tax year over year increases reflect annual increases from assessed values (subject to limitations) as well as new residential and commercial properties added to the tax rolls. Transfer-in revenue from other funds into the General Fund underperformed budgeted expectations by \$0.5 million. The negative variance was the result of capital improvement projects that did not materialize or progress towards completion as anticipated, resulting in lower than expected overhead charges into the General Fund.

General Fund actual expenditures, excluding other financing uses and budgeted contingency, came in under budget, by \$1.9 million, or 13.4%. A key variance included salary and benefit cost savings across departments of approximately \$0.7 million resulting from benefit savings and unfilled positions. Across all departments, materials and service related expense incurred a positive budgetary variance of \$1.2 million with notable cost savings generated in the Law Enforcement (\$0.3 million) and the Parks and Recreation program (\$0.2 million). Transfer-out expense to other funds incurred a positive budget variance of \$0.8 million, as planned General Fund, funded capital improvement projects, accounted for in capital improvement classified funds, came in under budget or were not completed as scheduled.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At year-end, the City had \$366.3 million in capital assets compared to \$360.3 million in the prior year. Of that total, infrastructure is the largest component of both governmental and business-type activities. Infrastructure includes road improvements, sidewalks, stormwater systems, sewer lines, and water lines. Within governmental activities, the second largest component is land for buildings, parks, and roadways. Within business-type activities, the second largest component is for water treatment and wastewater treatment plants. Additional information about the City's capital assets and depreciation can be found in the Notes on pages 66-67.

	Governmental Activities					Busine Activ	e	Total Primary Government				
	2017 2016			2017 2016			2016	2017			2016	
Land	\$	85.7	\$	83.5	\$	1.8	\$	1.8	\$	87.5	\$	85.3
Intangibles		11.9		10.7		5.3		5.1		17.2		15.8
Buildings and improvements		18.5		19.1		28.6		29.7		47.1		48.8
Land improvements		7.3		7.6		24.3		24.9		31.6		32.5
Machinery and equipment		5.6		5.0		6.4		6.7		12.0		11.7
Infrastructure		92.7		86.6		66.1		67.4		158.8		154.0
Construction in progress		7.7		10.1		4.4		2.1		12.1		12.2
Total	\$	229.4	\$	222.6	\$	136.9	\$	137.7	\$	366.3	\$	360.3

TABLE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF DEPRECIATION, AT FISCAL YEARS-END JUNE 30 (in millions)

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Significant capital asset activity for governmental and business-type activities for the current fiscal year includes:

Governmental activities

- Various contributed land, easements, sidewalks and road improvements \$9.6 million
- Transit bus purchases, \$1.3 million
- \$6 million of street projects completed and transferred from construction in progress to infrastructure

Business-type activities

• Various contributed land, easements, sewer, water, and stormwater lines \$1.5 million

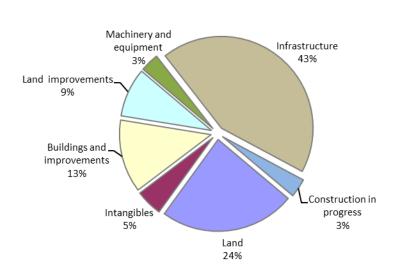


CHART 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS – TOTAL AS OF JUNE **30, 2017**

DEBT OUTSTANDING

During the current fiscal year all scheduled debt payments were met. At year-end, the City had \$70.7 million in debt outstanding compared to \$76.2 million in the prior year. Of this balance, \$5.6 million is due on amortizing debt within one year. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at June 30, 2017. Additional information can be found in the Notes on pages 68-72.

TABLE 4 - OUTSTANDING DEBT AT FISCAL YEARS-END JUNE 30 (in millions)

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016		
Full faith and credit bonds:													
Revenue backed	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34.5	\$	36.9	\$	34.5	\$	36.9	
Tax increment bonds		33.1		35.2		-		-		33.1		35.2	
Revenue debt:													
Revenue bonds		-		-		3.1		4.1		3.1		4.1	
Total	\$	33.1	\$	35.2	\$	37.6	\$	41.0	\$	70.7	\$	76.2	

Governmental activities outstanding debt decreased \$2.1 million during the current fiscal year due to annual principal payments. Governmental activity debt is exclusively tax increment debt related to the City's urban renewal districts. The City's tax increment debt is privately placed and has not been rated.

Business-type activities outstanding debt decreased \$3.4 million during the current fiscal year due to annual principal payments. Outstanding business-type debt includes \$34.5 million full faith and credit, general obligation limited tax (GOLT) debt related to the financing of capital improvements to the City's sanitary sewer system and \$3.1 in revenue backed bonds related to the financing of water system improvements. Moody's Investors Service, Inc. has rated the City's full faith and credit, general obligation limited tax issuance at Aa2.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Wilsonville is in a strong financial position and continues to grow and expand its infrastructure. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget was approved by the City Council on June 19, 2017 in the total amount of \$174.1 million, including \$77.8 million in ending fund balances, \$30.8 million in inter-fund transfers, and \$5.4 million in debt service. Also included, the City's operating budget of \$39.2 million and a capital projects budget of \$20.9 million. The City's Urban Renewal Agency (a blended component unit) approved an additional \$3.8 million capital projects budget. The combined budgets reflect that the City is growing and is dedicated to investing in its infrastructure while ensuring that it is able to maintain high quality services to the public. The following economic factors were considered in developing the fiscal year 2017-18 budget.

Property taxes are a prime resource for the General Fund. The City's permanent tax rate is \$2.5206 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. Taxes from the permanent rate are recorded in the General Fund as discretionary revenues to support General Fund programs such as Law Enforcement, Municipal Court, Library, and Parks and Recreation. Fire service is provided by Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue, which is a separate special district. The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax, thus the City is not subject to swings in revenue during periods of economic volatility related to consumer spending. Nor is the City's General Fund dependent upon income taxes as a resource, thus it is not directly affected by the volatility in employment rates.

Property taxes are derived by applying property tax rates to assessed value. Both property tax rates and growth in assessed valuations are limited by two important state-wide, voter approved measures that passed in the 1990s. The first is referred to as Measure 5, and introduced a limit on property tax rates. For the General Government category of tax rates, the limit is \$10 per \$1,000 of real market value. The second is referred to as Measure 50, and resulted in limiting the growth of assessed valuation to 3% per year, and fixed property tax rates permanently. One consequence of Measure 50 is separating a property's assessed value from its market value for taxing purposes. While market value of a property can be volatile, the assessed value is limited by the state constitution to a 3% growth rate. Because market values within the City of Wilsonville have largely remained above assessed values, property tax revenue has remained stable.

Franchise fees and privilege taxes are the second largest revenue source for the General Fund and have proven to be largely stable. These fees are charged to various utility companies for use of public right-of-way based upon a percentage of net sales within city limits. Over the past year a positive trend has been noticed in franchise tax revenue. The increase in franchise taxes is due primarily to continued growth in the economy and population within the city.

Intergovernmental revenues originate from state and county shared revenues. The state shared revenues include alcoholic beverage and cigarette excise taxes, and others. The revenues are allocated by various formulas, but utilize a per capita rate. Increases in next year's budget reflect the continued growth in population.

The City continues to experience robust commercial and residential development, up 9.2% and 17.1% respectively over prior year. Next year's building activity, however, is expected to cool slightly bringing a more moderate level of growth. Revenues earned by the inspection and permit fees for the Building Fund are restricted by state statute; however activity reflects growth in the community that will eventually be reflected in the assessed value of the tax rolls and increased utility revenues.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

The City's public transit system is funded by a payroll tax paid by Wilsonville businesses and is based on total payroll or self-employment income. Payroll taxes continue to increase as the local economy grows with new businesses relocating to the City. Transit taxes are anticipated at approximately \$4.9 million in the next budget year.

Utility rates are reviewed regularly and adjusted by the City Council when necessary to ensure charges are sufficient to finance all related operating, capital outlay, debt service expenses, and operating reserves, as such:

- Water rates will remain constant for fiscal year 2017-18, with no additional increases scheduled.
- Sewer rates will remain constant for fiscal year 2017-18. An updated rate study is expected to be completed during FY 2017-18 and the results will be present to the City Council.
- Stormwater rates will increase 7.0% on January 1, 2018. In January 2015, City Council approved rate increases through January 1, 2021.
- Street lighting rates have been held steady for many years, last adjusted in July 1998, and have provided a stable financing source adequate to cover related operating and capital needs.
- Road maintenance fees were restructured and increased towards the end of Fiscal Year 2016-17 and the full effect of the increase will hit during Fiscal Year 2017-18. An additional increase is scheduled for November, 2017, and annually each November thereafter.

Uncertainties about future economic changes and financial impacts are common to all cities. To deal with the swings in the economy and to plan for future capital expansion, the City routinely puts aside resources. At June 30, 2017 the amount of reserve set aside in governmental activities total \$76.1 million. Fund balances reserved as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned total \$68.5 million, and \$7.6 million is provided for ongoing operations of the City. Within the business-type activities \$17.4 million is set aside for future construction and equipment replacement programs.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Director at 29799 SW Town Center Loop E, Wilsonville, Oregon 97070, or via email to <u>cole@ci.wilsonville.or.us</u>. Financial information for current and prior years is also available at <u>www.ci.wilsonville.or.us</u>.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS This page intentionally left blank.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental	Business-Type	Tatal
ACCETC	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 70,973,920	\$ 25,940,632	\$ 96,914,552
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	\$	\$
Internal balances	4,556,226 885,026	(885,026)	0,040,747
	885,020		-
Inventories	-	37,905	37,905
Prepaids	213,278	17 427 504	213,278
Restricted cash and investments	6,408,800	17,427,504	23,836,304
Notes receivable	-	1,561,983	1,561,983
Capital assets:	405 347 505	44,460,600	110 010 201
Land, non-depreciable assets, and construction in progress	105,347,505	11,468,699	116,816,204
Building, improvements, and other capital assets			
(net of accumulated depreciation)	124,117,986	125,528,219	249,646,205
Total assets	312,282,741	183,392,437	495,675,178
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension outflow	8,257,537	589,191	8,846,728
Deferred charge on refunding	-, - ,	172,721	172,721
Total deferred outflow of resources	8,257,537	761,912	9,019,449
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	1,901,025	968,132	2,869,157
Other accrued liabilities	2,146,445	25,227	2,171,672
Unearned revenue	219,427	22,914	242,341
Deposits	245,710	23,070	268,780
Interest payable	106,370	111,149	217,519
Noncurrent liabilities:		,	
Due within one year	2,480,055	3,420,941	5,900,996
Due in more than one year	46,917,867	36,309,461	83,227,328
Total liabilities	54,016,899	40,880,894	94,897,793
			- / /
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension inflow	1,024,920	73,129	1,098,049
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	198,234,157	98,590,872	296,825,029
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	16,045,068	17,427,504	33,472,572
Debt service	18,514,574	-	18,514,574
Unrestricted	32,704,660	27,181,950	59,886,610
Total net position	\$ 265,498,459	\$ 143,200,326	\$ 408,698,785
·	<i>ii</i>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2017

			Prog	ram Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	 Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and ontributions
Governmental activities:	· ·	 			
General government	\$ 3,994,533	\$ 907,951	\$	93,035	\$ -
Public safety	4,349,339	315,465		-	-
Transportation	5,556,409	322,769		235,414	753,033
Public works	8,791,797	883,416		1,410,061	12,445,363
Culture and recreation	4,830,866	307,572		1,270,211	2,605,754
Community development	5,146,814	3,225,297		-	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,347,667	-		-	-
Total governmental activities	 34,017,425	5,962,470		3,008,721	 15,804,150
Business-type activities:					
Water	6,608,032	8,288,220		-	2,586,244
Sewer	6,870,481	8,113,623		-	1,925,175
Stormwater	2,013,681	2,534,577		-	1,338,430
Street lighting	424,171	498,652		-	364,193
Total business-type activities	15,916,365	19,435,072		-	 6,214,042
Total government	\$ 49,933,790	\$ 25,397,542	\$	3,008,721	\$ 22,018,192

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Franchise, transit and hotel taxes Investment revenue Other revenues Subtotal general revenues Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position--beginning Net position--ending

Continued on page 39.

	1		pense) Revenue and	1	
			ges in Net Position		
Go	overnmental	В	usiness-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
<u>~</u>		<u>,</u>		4	
\$	(2,993,547)	\$	-	\$	(2,993,547)
	(4,033,874)		-		(4,033,874)
	(4,245,193)		-		(4,245,193)
	5,947,043		-		5,947,043
	(647,329)		-		(647,329)
	(1,921,517)		-		(1,921,517)
	(1,347,667)		-		(1,347,667)
	(9,242,084)		-		(9,242,084)
	-		4,266,432		4,266,432
	-		3,168,317		3,168,317
	-		1,859,326		1,859,326
	-		438,674		438,674
	-		9,732,749		9,732,749
	(9,242,084)		9,732,749		490,665
	6,545,482		-		6,545,482
	9,790,844		-		9,790,844
	9,357,994		-		9,357,994
	651,078		337,245		988,323
	591,159		89,645		680,804
	26,936,557		426,890		27,363,447
	1,246,453		(1,246,453)		-
	28,183,010		(819,563)		27,363,447
	18,940,926		8,913,186		27,854,112
	246,557,533		134,287,140		380,844,673
\$	265,498,459	\$	143,200,326	\$	408,698,785

Net (Expense) Revenue and

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Governmental Funds

Funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds for the same item. Additional funds may be reported as a major fund if the City's officials believe that fund is particularly important to financial statement users.

General Fund

Accounts for the financial operations of the City not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, licenses and permits, state and county shared revenue, and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primary expenditures are for culture and recreation, general government, and police protection.

Transit Fund

Accounts for payroll taxes collected from the local business community and used to fund the City's mass transit program.

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Debt Service Fund

Accounts for the collection of tax increment (property tax) revenues and the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt associated with the Year 2000 Plan Urban Renewal District.

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Debt Service Fund

Accounts for the collection of tax increment (property tax) revenues and the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt associated with the West Side Urban Renewal District.

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Capital Projects

Accounts for the construction or reconstruction of capital projects within the boundaries of the West Side Urban Renewal District. These improvement are paid from the issuance of debt and revenues from property taxes and interest earnings.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

			Spe	cial Revenue	Urk	ebt Service oan Renewal
ASSETS		General		Transit	Yea	ar 2000 Plan
Cash and investments	\$	15,520,434	\$	1,627,909	\$	8,355,797
Receivables:	Ŷ	13,320,434	Ŷ	1,027,505	Ŷ	0,333,737
Interest		28,107		-		11,578
Accounts		843,031		2,101,155		
Property taxes		406,035		_,,		279,866
Prepaids		208,756		-		-
Advances to other funds		1,205,980		-		-
Restricted cash and investments		208,171		-		603,025
Total assets	\$	18,420,514	\$	3,729,064	\$	9,250,266
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	350,503	\$	36,405	\$	-
Other accrued liabilities		240,023	•	79,848	·	-
Deposits		31,500		-		-
Advances from other funds				-		-
Unearned revenue		179,593		-		-
Development charge payable				-		-
Total liabilities		801,619		116,253		-
		,				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		364,875				253,699
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		504,675		-		255,099
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		208,756		-		-
Restricted		176,671		-		8,996,567
Committed		2,371,400		1,046,200		-
Assigned		6,940,362		2,566,611		-
Unassigned		7,556,831		-		-
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		17,254,020		3,612,811		8,996,567
resources and fund balances	ć	18,420,514	\$	3,729,064	\$	9,250,266
resources and fund balances	ې	10,420,314	د	3,123,004	ې	9,200,200

Continued on page 43.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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D	ebt Service	Сар	oital Projects		Other		
Ur	ban Renewal	Urk	oan Renewal	G	overnmental		Total
W	est Side Plan	W	estside Plan		Funds	G	overnmental
\$	6,694,448	\$	1,188,620	\$	36,187,002	\$	69,574,210
	12,023		-		50,569		102,277
	-		-		305,915		3,250,101
	288,510		-		-		974,411
	-		-		4,522		213,278
	-		-		-		1,205,980
	2,778,826		670,677		2,148,101		6,408,800
\$	9,773,807	\$	1,859,297	\$	38,696,109	\$	81,729,057
\$	-	\$	248,375	\$	1,210,645	\$	1,845,928
	-		-		255,679		575,550
	-		-		214,210		245,710
	-		-		320,954		320,954
	-		-		39,834		219,427
	-		1,557,668		-		1,557,668
	-		1,806,043		2,041,322		4,765,237
					· · · ·		
	255,800		-		-		874,374
	200,000						0, 1,0, 1
					4 5 2 2		212 270
	-		-		4,522		213,278
	9,518,007		-		16,045,068		34,736,313
	-		-		988,300		4,405,900
	-		53,254		19,616,897		29,177,124
	- 0 519 007		- E2 2E4		-	-	7,556,831
	9,518,007		53,254		36,654,787		76,089,446
\$	9,773,807	\$	1,859,297	\$	38,696,109	\$	81,729,057

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances

to Net Assets of Governmental Activities

June 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 76,089,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$6,522,067.	228,589,594
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:	
Net pension liability	(15,005,473)
Property taxes earned but unavailable	874,374
Deferred outflows of resources	7,923,130
Accrued compensated abscences are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(625,722)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management	
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included	
in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,836,365
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Notes and bonds	(33,093,473)
Interest on long-term debt	(106,370)
Deferred inflows of resources	(983,413)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 265,498,458

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CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ending June 30, 2017

		Spe	cial Revenue	De	bt Service
				Urb	an Renewal
	 General		Transit	Yea	r 2000 Plan
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 10,339,897	\$	5,552,582	\$	4,055,840
Intergovernmental	2,050,515		988,447		-
Licenses and permits	186,811		-		-
Charges for services	669,324		179,887		-
System development fees	-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	237,009		-		-
Investment revenue	152,059		19,851		55,599
Other revenues	 172,839		26,603		-
Total revenues	 13,808,454		6,767,370		4,111,439
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating:					
General government	2,336,198		418,210		-
Public safety	4,327,101		-		-
Transportation	-		4,577,860		-
Public works	644,991		86,709		-
Culture and recreation	4,048,067		-		-
Community development	-		-		-
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-		330,000
Interest	-		-		263,075
Capital outlay	 349,243		820,222		-
Total expenditures	 11,705,600		5,903,001		593,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 2,102,854		864,369		3,518,364
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	56,000		-		-
Transfers out	(1,201,720)		(6,400)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,145,720)		(6,400)		-
Net change in fund balance	957,134		857,969		3,518,364
Fund balancesbeginning	 16,296,886		2,754,842		5,478,203
Fund balancesending	\$ 17,254,020	\$	3,612,811	\$	8,996,567

Continued on page 47.

Urb	ebt Service oan Renewal est Side Plan	Capital Projects Urban Renewal West Side Plan	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	5,705,108	\$-	\$ -	\$ 25,653,427
	-	-	2,497,961	5,536,923
	-	-	2,401,647	2,588,458
	-	-	1,703,857	2,553,068
	-	-	5,604,943	5,604,943
	-	-	-	237,009
	123,753	15,122	272,719	639,103
	-	-	132,743	332,185
	5,828,861	15,122	12,613,870	43,145,116
	- - - 1,768,994 1,094,277			3,512,075 4,327,101 4,577,860 1,624,270 4,048,067 5,002,126 2,098,994 1,359,752 6,214,049
	2,863,271	1,541,270	10,158,077	32,764,294
	2,965,590	(1,526,148)	2,455,793	10,380,822
	-	-	5,589,468	5,645,468
	-	-	(3,122,327)	(4,330,447)
	-	-	2,467,141	1,315,021
	2,965,590	(1,526,148)	4,922,934	11,695,843
	6,552,417	1,579,402	31,731,853	64,393,603
\$	9,518,007	\$ 53,254	\$ 36,654,787	\$ 76,089,446

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the

Statement of Activities

For the year ending June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 11,695,843
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in		
the current period.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 4,990,157	
Less current year depreciation	 (6,429,372)	(1,439,215)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital		
assets is to increase net position as follows:		
Contributions from outside parties	8,355,174	
Capitalized overhead costs	544,753	
Cost of capital assets sold or disposed	(831,005)	
Transfers to/from business-type activities	(66,169)	8,002,753
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes		40,893
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental		
funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the		
Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an		
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the		
amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		
Principal payments		2,098,994
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported		
as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Interest		12,083
Compensated absences		(63 <i>,</i> 903)
Pension expense		 (1,479,652)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs		
of fleet management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain		
activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental		
activities.		73,129
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 18,940,925

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds

The City of Wilsonville utilizes five Proprietary Funds made up of four Enterprise Funds and one Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to external customers. City funds are used to account for acquisition, operation, and maintenance of water, sewer, stormwater facilities, and streetlights. Funds included are:

- Water
- Sewer
- Stormwater
- Street Lighting

For budgetary purposes (see budget schedules in the Other Supplemental Information section), the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater funds are accounted for in the following separate funds:

• Water

Water Operating Water Capital Projects Water Development Charges

• Sewer

Sewer Operating Sewer Capital Projects Sewer Development Charges

• Stormwater

Stormwater Operating Stormwater Capital Projects Stormwater Development Charges

For generally accepted accounting principles purposes, these aforementioned funds and the Street Lighting Fund are consolidated and included as four separate Enterprise Funds.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for those activities and services furnished internally to other organizational units within the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Charges are made to the various departments to support these activities. The City's sole internal service fund is:

• Fleet

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

		Business-ty	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		Governmental Activities
			•	Street		Fleet Internal
	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Lighting	Totals	Service Fund
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 10,574,825	\$ 11,166,449	\$ 3,079,610	\$ 1,119,748	\$ 25,940,632	\$ 1,399,710
Interest receivable	50,455	56,615	5,194	-	112,264	-
Customer receivable, net	308,056	681,710	241,239	46,335	1,277,340	-
Other receivables	825,056	97,861	-	-	922,917	9,437
Due from other funds	722,147	-	-	-	722,147	-
Inventories	37,905		-		37,905	
Total current assets	12,518,444	12,002,635	3,326,043	1,166,083	29,013,205	1,409,147
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and investments	4,704,070	9,907,508	2,815,926	-	17,427,504	-
Notes receivable	1,561,983	-	-	-	1,561,983	-
Capital assets, net	48,031,931	61,958,196	23,308,739	3,698,052	136,996,918	875,897
Total noncurrent assets	54,297,984	71,865,704	26,124,665	3,698,052	155,986,405	875,897
Total assets	66,816,428	83,868,339	29,450,708	4,864,135	184,999,610	2,285,044
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension outflow	274,248	207,013	107,930	-	589,191	334,407
Deferred charge on refunding	172,721	, -	, -	-	172,721	, -
Total deferred outflows	446,969	207,013	107,930		761,912	334,407
						<u>·</u>
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	500,158	447,896	20,078	-	968,132	55,097
Accrued compensated absences	12,406	6,535	-	-	18,941	11,492
Other accrued liabilities	13,655	9,493	2,079	-	25,227	13,227
Unearned revenue	22,914	-	-	-	22,914	-
Deposits	23,070	-	-	-	23,070	-
Interest payable	14,194	96,955	-	-	111,149	-
Bonded debt - current	1,677,000	1,725,000		-	3,402,000	-
Total current liabilities	2,263,397	2,285,879	22,157		4,571,433	79,816
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	6,368	10,466	-	-	16,834	28,437
Due to other funds	-	-	1,607,173	-	1,607,173	-
Net pension liability	519,394	392,059	204,407	-	1,115,860	633,326
Bonded debt	4,235,173	30,941,594			35,176,767	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,760,935	31,344,119	1,811,580		37,916,634	661,763
Total liabilities	7,024,332	33,629,998	1,833,737		42,488,067	741,579
Pension inflow	34,039	25,694	13,396		73,129	41,507
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	42,292,479	29,291,602	23,308,739	3,698,052	98,590,872	875,897
Restricted for capital projects	4,704,070	9,907,508	2,815,926	-	17,427,504	-
Unrestricted	13,208,477	11,220,550	1,586,840	1,166,083	27,181,950	960,468
Total net position	\$ 60,205,026	\$ 50,419,660	\$ 27,711,505	\$ 4,864,135	\$ 143,200,326	\$ 1,836,365

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Business-ty	/pe Activities - Ent	terprise Funds		Governmental Activities
				Street		Fleet Internal
	Water	Sewer	Stormwater	Lighting	Totals	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 8,288,220	\$ 8,113,623	\$ 2,534,577	\$ 498,652	\$ 19,435,072	\$ 1,258,370
Other revenues	31,271	58,374			89,645	6,436
Total operating revenues	8,319,491	8,171,997	2,534,577	498,652	19,524,717	1,264,806
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personal services	560,559	370,491	143,365	-	1,074,415	611,771
Support services	597,308	463,309	271,380	-	1,331,997	-
Contractual services	1,639,620	2,145,344	91,731	-	3,876,695	-
Utilities	479,123	349,241	4,433	313,393	1,146,190	73,936
Repairs and maintenance	256,519	22,557	135,460	-	414,536	30,962
Other operating expenses	1,099,869	427,317	296,848	7,778	1,831,812	411,933
Depreciation	1,688,850	1,949,018	1,059,445	103,000	4,800,313	95,186
Total operating expenses	6,321,848	5,727,277	2,002,662	424,171	14,475,958	1,223,788
Operating income (loss)	1,997,643	2,444,720	531,915	74,481	5,048,759	41,018
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Investment revenue	136,725	134,495	53,709	12,316	337,245	11,977
Interest expense	(259,033)	(1,210,900)	(11,019)	-	(1,480,952)	-
Amortization of bond premium (discount)	(2,609)	67,696	-	-	65,087	-
Disposition of capital assets	(24,542)				(24,542)	22,534
Total nonoperating						
revenues (expenses)	(149,459)	(1,008,709)	42,690	12,316	(1,103,162)	34,511
Net income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	1,848,184	1,436,011	574,605	86,797	3,945,597	75,529
Capital contributions - infrastructure	405,480	400,199	493,646	430,361	1,729,686	-
Capital contributions - grants and fees	2,180,764	1,524,976	844,784	-	4,550,524	-
Transfers out	(475,355)	(475,354)	(280,612)	(81,300)	(1,312,621)	(2,400)
Change in net position	3,959,073	2,885,832	1,632,423	435,858	8,913,186	73,129
Net positionbeginning	56,245,953	47,533,828	26,079,082	4,428,277	134,287,140	1,763,236
Net positionending	\$ 60,205,026	\$ 50,419,660	\$ 27,711,505	\$ 4,864,135	\$ 143,200,326	\$ 1,836,365

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2017

Busines-type Activities - Enterprise Unds Activities CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Water Sewer Storent Lighting Totals Service Receipts from customers \$ 8,019,565 \$ 8,124,481 2,514,446 \$ 496,677 \$ 19,155,169 \$ 1,2 Payments to suppliers (3,507,339) (2,709,463) (607,202) (1,003,513) (5 Payments to employees (353,446) 306,643) (167,222) (1,005,513) (5 Other receipts 31,271 58,374 - 89,645 2 Operating activities 3,310,843 4,703,138 1,375,966 175,505 9,565,452 2 CASH FLOWS FROM MONCAPITAL TimMANCING ACTIVITIES 1,197,502 (475,354) (280,612) (81,300) (2,034,768) Transfers to other funds (1,197,502) (475,354) (280,612) (81,300) (2,034,768) Cash FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES - - - - - - - - - - -	
Water Storm Lighting Totals Service CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 8,019,565 \$ 8,124,481 2,514,446 \$ 496,677 \$ 19,155,169 \$ 1.2 Payments to suppliers (3,607,339) (2,709,465) (699,808) (321,172) (7,337,784) (5 Payments to employees (335,346) (306,939) (12,71,380) (1,009,581) (5 Internal activity-payments for services (937,308) (463,309) (27,380) (1,31,397) (1,31,397) Other receipts 31,271 58,374 - - 89,645 2 Net cash provided by 31,271 58,374 - - 89,645 2 Transfers to other funds (1,197,502) (475,354) (280,612) (81,300) (2,034,768) - </th <th></th>	
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Accounts payable $(120,455)$ $255,557$ $(105,507)$ - $(02,105)$	
Deferred revenue (11,051) - - (11,051) Deposits 5,525 - - - 5,525	
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 3,310,843 \$ 4,703,138 \$ 1,375,966 \$ 175,505 \$ 9,565,452 \$ 2	browned by operating activities
Schedule of non-cash capital activities:	of non-cash capital activities.
Capital contributions \$ 405,480 \$ 400,199 \$ 493,646 \$ 430,361 \$ 1,729,686 \$	
Capital contributions	contributions

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

Reporting Entity

The City of Wilsonville, Oregon is a municipal corporation, incorporated in 1968. The City operates under a Council-City Manager form of government. The governing body consists of four elected council members and a mayor. The mayor and council members are each elected to serve a four-year term. The City Manager administers policies and coordinates the activities of the City. The heads of the various departments, formed to provide various services, are under the direct supervision of the City Manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit (Urban Renewal Agency), an entity for which the City is considered to be financially responsible for.

Blended Component Unit

The City has included the financial operations of its Urban Renewal Agency as a blended component unit in the basic financial statements. The Agency is a legally separate entity which is governed by a board comprised of the members of the City Council as stipulated by the Agency's bylaws. The City Council has the ability to impose its will on the Agency as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding for the Agency. Complete financial statements for the Agency can be obtained from the Finance Director of the City, 29799 SW Town Center Loop E., Wilsonville, OR 97070-0220, or can be viewed at the City's web page: <u>http://www.ci.wilsonville.or.us</u>.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents all the assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of the City with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Currently, the City has governmental and proprietary type funds. Major individual governmental funds, major individual enterprise funds, and the internal service fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include charges between the City's business-type activities/ enterprise funds, as well as some special revenue funds, and the General Fund. The City allocates charges as reimbursement for services provided by the General Fund in support of those functions based on levels of service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

There are stated minimum criteria for the determination of major finds: percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category, or the governmental and enterprise funds combined. The City electively added funds as major funds, those funds which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• General Fund

Accounts for all the financial operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, state and county shared revenues, and charges for administrative services from other funds. Primary expenditures are for general government, police protection, and culture and recreation.

• Transit Fund

Accounts for payroll taxes collected from the local business community, federal transit grants and use of these resources to operate the City's mass transit program.

- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Debt Service Fund Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Bonds. Resources are provided from tax increment proceeds and interest earnings.
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan Debt Service Fund Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Bonds. Resources are provided from tax increment proceeds and interest earnings.
- Urban Renewal West Side Capital Projects Fund Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for Urban Renewal West Side Capital Projects. Resources are provided from bond proceeds.

Additionally, the City reports non-major funds within the governmental fund type.

• Special Revenue Funds

Used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- *Debt Service Funds* Used to account for debt service appropriations for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds.
- Capital Projects Funds

Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The City reports each of its five proprietary funds as major funds. The proprietary funds include four enterprise funds and one internal service fund. The enterprise funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of water, sewer, stormwater and street lighting facilities. The City reports its Fleet Fund as an Internal Service Fund. Internal service funds account for those activities and services furnished internally to other organizational units within the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Charges are made to the various departments to support these activities. The City's sole internal service fund is for fleet services.

June 30, 2017

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

• Water Fund

Water Operating Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Water Capital Projects Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Water Development Charges Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

• Sewer Fund

Sewer Operating Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Sewer Capital Projects Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Sewer Development Charges Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

• Stormwater Fund

Stormwater Operating Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Stormwater Capital Projects Water Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only) Stormwater Development Charges Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

- Street Lighting Fund Street Lighting Fund
- Fleet Fund
 Fleet Fund

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

Government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements are presented on a full accrual basis of accounting with an economic resource measurement focus. An economic resource focus concentrates on an entity or fund's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources (net position) during the period are reported. An economic resources measurement focus is inextricably connected with full accrual accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows.

Governmental funds financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resource measurement focus. This focus concentrates on the fund's resources available for spending currently or in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting the fund's current financial resources during the period are reported. Similar to the connection between an economic resource measurement focus and full accrual accounting, a current financial resource measurement focus is inseparable from a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period is considered susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available and available only when cash is received by the City.

An accrual arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet the earned and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable deferred revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferred inflow created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable deferred revenue is eliminated. Unearned revenues arise outside the scope of measurement focus and basis of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. An example of this would be when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

June 30, 2017

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources, such as, any unused reimbursable leave outstanding at the time of an employee's resignation or retirement. However, in the government-wide financial statements, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government are recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt and compensated absences are included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliation is provided to explain the differences between the governmental fund statements and the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Water, Sewer, Stormwater, and Street Lighting Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads and depreciation on capital assets including the amortization of intangible assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Internal Service funds also distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services to other organizational units within the City. The principal operating revenues of the City's Fleet Fund are payment for services rendered to maintain both vehicles and motorized equipment. Operating expenses for the Fleet Fund include the cost of fuel, supplies and parts to maintain the City's assets, and the administrative expenses, overheads and depreciation on capital assets including the amortization of intangible assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments with original or remaining maturities of three months or less when purchased, and cash and investments in the City-wide investment pool. Investments, including equity in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Recorded property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as a deferred inflow of resource because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

June 30, 2017

Receivables of the enterprise funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed. Receivables in governmental and enterprise funds are stated net of any allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories of materials and supplies in the enterprise funds are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and charged to expenses as used. Prepaids in the governmental funds are stated at cost and charged to expenditures in the period consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, pathways, streetlights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of the donation.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets, including intangible assets with definite useful lives, is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements other than buildings	10-20
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-10
Utility systems	25-50
Infrastructure	20-40
Software	5-10

One-half year of depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

Accrued Compensated Absences and Sick Pay

Accumulated vested vacation pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, a liability for these amounts is reported only when it has matured, for example, when an employee resigns or retires. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. Only the current portion is reported in the governmental funds, and is calculated based on historical trends. In business-type/enterprise and internal service funds, both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded.

Sick leave pay, which does not vest, is recognized in all funds when leave is taken.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized in the year incurred.

June 30, 2017

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These fund balance categories are:

- Nonspendable: Includes resources that are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.
- *Restricted*: Includes resources that are restricted by external creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed*: Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes as adopted by a resolution of the City Council. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded by similar resolution.
- Assigned: Represents amounts that reflect the City's intended use of resources. Authority to classify potion of fund balance as assigned is explicitly granted to the City Council, City Manager, and the Finance Director as part of the yearly budget resolution passed and approved by the City of Wilsonville, City Council.
- Unassigned: Total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned balance. This classification is also used to report any deficit fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

June 30, 2017

Fund balance by classification for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Fund balances	General	Transit	Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Debt Service	Urban Renewal West Side Plan Debt Service	Urban Renewal West Side Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids	\$ 208,756	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,522	\$ 213,278
Restricted:							
Bond covenants	-	-	603,025	2,714,528	-	-	3,317,553
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	16,045,068	16,045,068
Debt service	-	-	8,393,542	6,803,479	-	-	15,197,021
PEG Communication	176,671						176,671
Total Restricted	176,671		8,996,567	9,518,007		16,045,068	34,736,313
Committed:							
Unanticipated future needs	2,371,400	1,046,200				988,300	4,405,900
Assigned:							
Computer, software, fiber	1,659,100	-	-	-	-	500,000	2,159,100
Emergency management	225,000	-	-	-	-	-	225,000
Facilities and park improvements	1,247,500	-	-	-	-	-	1,247,500
Planning support - Coffee Creek	1,808,762	-	-	-	-	-	1,808,762
Interfund loans - infrastructure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	53,254	-	53,254
Street maintenance and improve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital asset needs - buses	-	756,788	-	-	-	-	756,788
Operational support	2,000,000	1,809,823	-	-	-	19,116,897	22,926,720
Total Assigned	6,940,362	2,566,611			53,254	19,616,897	29,177,124
Unassigned	7,556,831						7,556,831
	\$ 17,254,020	\$ 3,612,811	\$ 8,996,567	\$ 9,518,007	\$ 53,254	\$ 36,654,787	\$ 76,089,446

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and addition to/deductions from OPER's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payment (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the City's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 – Local Budget Law). The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

Each April, the City Manager submits a proposed budget to the Budget Committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of citizens of the City). The City is required to budget all funds. The City's budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting with Proprietary Fund types adjusted for year-end accrued compensated absences. For all fund types, inter-fund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated receipts and expenditures are budgeted for by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual revenues and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document.

June 30, 2017

The Budget Committee conducts public hearings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments and then approves a budget and submits it to the City Council for final adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10% by Council without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval. After the Council adopts the budget and certifies the total of ad valorem taxes to be levied, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The City Council legally adopts the budget by resolution before July 1, as per ORS 294.456. The program level is the legal level of budgetary control. The budget is adopted and monitored at the program level for each fund as displayed below.

General Fund			
Administration	Finance	Information Services	Legal
Human Resources	Public Works Administration	Building Maintenance	Parks Maintenance
Parks and Recreation	Library	Law Enforcement	Municipal Court
Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency		
Building Inspection Fund			
Building Inspection	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency	
Community Development Fund			
CD Administration	Engineering	Planning	Transfers to Other Funds
Contingency			
Transit Fund			
Transit	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency	
Road Operating Fund			
Road Operating	Debt Service	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency
Road Maintenance Fund			
Transfer to Other Funds	Contingency		
Water Operating Fund			
Water Distributions and Sales	Water Treatment	Debt Service	Transfers to Other Funds
Contingency			
Sewer Operating Fund			
Sewer Collection	Sewer Treatment	Sewer Pretreatment	Debt Service
Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency		
Street Lighting Operating Fund			
Street Lighting	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency	
Stormwater Fund		0 /	
Stormwater Maintenance	Debt Service	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency
			contingency
<u>Fleet Service Fund</u> Fleet	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency	
		contingency	
Water, Sewer, Street, Stormwater, Buildin			
Capital Projects	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency	
Water, Sewer, Street, Stormwater and Par			
Materials & Services	Transfers to Other Funds	Contingency	

The City Council may change the budget throughout the year by transferring appropriations between levels of control and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the City Council. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, City Council approved three supplemental budget resolutions that increased expenditure appropriations. The Urban Renewal Agency Board also approved three supplemental budget resolutions during the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

According to Oregon statute, the budget is monitored at the level of adopted appropriation. A fund that has identifiable programs are adopted and monitored at the program level. Funds that do not have identifiable programs are monitored at the major category level. For the period ending June 30, 2017, no excess expenditures over appropriations were recorded.

June 30, 2017

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Pooled Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash management pool for its cash and investments in which each fund participates. Interest earnings are distributed monthly based on average daily balances.

cash and mestments are comprised of the form	owing at 5	une 30, 2017.		
Petty cash			\$	1,070
Deposits with financial institutions				2,363,074
Investments:				
Commercial paper and corporate bonds	\$	37,016,254		
US agency/State of Oregon obligations		38,203,169		
Local government investment pool		43,167,285	_	
Total Investments				118,386,708
Total pooled cash and investments			\$	120,750,852
Cash and investments are reflected on the com	nined bala	ince sheet as f		·s ·

ish and investments are reflected on the combined balance sheet as follows:

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at lune 30, 2017:

Cash and investments	\$ 96,914,548
Restricted assets - cash and investments	 23,836,304
	\$ 120,750,852

The City participates in the State of Oregon Local Investment Pool (LGIP or Pool) which is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio created under ORS 294.805 to 294.895 and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Pool and is responsible for all funds in the Pool. These funds must be invested and managed, like that of a prudent investor, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-term Funds Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division of the Secretary of State's Office audits the Pool annually. The Division's report on the Pool as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 was unmodified and may be obtained at the Oregon State Treasury, 350 Winter St. NE, Ste 100, Salem, OR 97310.

The City's position in pool at June 30, 2017 is stated at cost which approximates fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and include the Municipal and US Agency Corporations investments. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets in inactive markets and include the Commercial Paper and Corporate Bonds. Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool have also been categorized as Level 2.

I	US Agency	And	Local Government
Corporations (Level 1)		Corporate Bonds (Level 2)	Investment Pool (Level 2)*
\$	39,534,749	\$ 35,684,674	\$ 43,168,285

*Per the Local Government Investment Pool CAFR for year ending June 30, 2017

Deposits

The City's cash is pooled with the Urban Renewal Agency's cash. For deposits in excess of federal depository insurance (currently limited to balances less than \$250,000) Oregon Revised Statute 295 requires a multiple financial institution collateral pool for balances in excess of FDIC insurance. As a result, all balances over the \$250,000 FDIC limit are collateralized. At June 30, 2017, the deposits with various financial institutions had a book value of \$2,363,074 and a bank value of \$2,814,953. Of these deposits, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Cash and Investments

The City's investment policy specifies various goals and procedures that enhance opportunities for a prudent and systematic approach to investment-related activities. The City has delegated investment responsibilities to the Finance Director, who is primarily responsible for implementing the investment policy. The investment risk as outlined by the City's investment policy and Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the Finance Director to invest primarily in general obligations of the US Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, high ranking corporate indebtedness, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk

As required by the City's investment policy, which adheres to the State of Oregon statutes, at the time of purchase all investments were rated A1 through AAA by the Moody's Investor Services or Standard and Poor's reporting agencies. Due to recent downgrades by the rating agencies, however, some of the investments are now rated lower than when originally purchased. The State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

	Commercial Paper And Corporate Bonds		 Municipal and US Agency Corporations	In	Local Govt vestment Pool
AAA	\$	1,331,580	\$ 27,960,985	\$	-
AA3		9,007,070	-		-
AA2		11,329,999	-		-
AA1		1,992,760	-		-
A3		2,505,650	-		-
A2		2,003,160	-		-
A1		8,846,035	-		-
Unrated		-	10,242,184		43,168,285
	\$	37,016,254	\$ 38,203,169	\$	43,168,285

At June 30, 2017, the City's investments were rated as follows:

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy, as it relates to investing outside of the LGIP, does not allow for an investment in any single corporate entity and its affiliates or subsidiaries that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments (ORS 294.035). Additionally at the time of the purchase, the policy requires the maximum investments in aggregate for all commercial paper and corporate bonds to be limited to 35% of the total investment portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates. For commercial paper and corporate bonds, the maximum maturity is 18 months. The City intends to hold all investments until maturity.

Using the segmented time distribution method, investment maturities as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Less than 6 Months		6-12 Months	12-18 Months	 Total
Commercial Paper					
and Corporate Bonds	\$	12,831,974	\$ 13,655,405	\$ 10,528,875	\$ 37,016,254
Municipal and US Agency Corporations		7,005,730	16,467,910	14,729,529	38,203,169
Local Govt Investment Pool		43,168,285			43,168,285
	\$	63,005,989	\$ 30,123,315	\$ 25,258,404	\$ 118,387,708

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Uncollectible Receivables

Receivables of the City's activities are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to receivables of the current period are as follows:

	 ernmental tivities	siness-type Activities
Watersales	\$ -	\$ 75,840
Sewersales	-	60,994
Street light fees	-	3,616
Stormwater fees	-	13,291
Road maintenance fees	8,051	 -
Total allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 8,051	\$ 153,739

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	lı	nterest	st Accounts		Taxes		Other		Notes		Total	
General Fund	\$	28,107	\$	843,031	\$	406,035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,277,173
Transit Fund		-		2,101,155		-		-		-		2,101,155
Urban Renewal Year 2000 Debt Service		11,578		-		279,866		-		-		291,444
Urban Renewal West Side Debt Service		12,023		-		288,510		-		-		300,533
Other non-major governmental funds		50,569		305,915		-		-		-		356,484
Water		50,455		308,056		-		825,056		722,147		1,905,714
Sewer		56,615		681,710		-		97,861		-		836,186
Stormwater		5,194		241,239		-		-		-		246,433
Street Lighting		-		46,335		-		-		-		46,335
Fleet Internal Service Fund		-		-		-		9,437		-		9,437
Total by receivable	\$	214,541	\$	4,527,441	\$	974,411	\$	932,354	\$	722,147	\$	7,370,894

Unavailable/Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, accrue deferred revenue for revenue amounts unearned or unavailable. Government-wide reporting, as well as in proprietary funds, uses full accrual accounting and report only unearned revenue. Unavailable revenue (deferred inflows) results in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned revenue results in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable (deferred inflow) and unearned revenue in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Deferred Inflow		U	nearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable:				
General Fund	\$	364,875	\$	-
Debt Service Fund		-		-
Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Debt Service Fund		253,699		-
Urban Renewal West Side Plan Debt Service Fund		255,800		-
Cash collected prior to meeting revenue recognition:				
Operations (General Fund)		-		179,593
Operations (Building Inspection Fund)		-		39,834
Total	\$	874,374	\$	219,427

The sole component of unearned revenue in the proprietary funds was for customer payments made in advance to be used for future utility bills. Unearned revenue totaled \$22,914 for the Water Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities, including the internal service Fleet Fund, for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
Description	 Balance	 Increases	Decreases		Balance
Land	\$ 83,493,395	\$ 2,251,299	\$ -	\$	85,744,694
Works of art	551,988	47,850	-		599,838
Easements	10,168,590	1,152,531	-		11,321,121
Construction In Progress	 10,090,689	 6,149,144	 (8,557,981)		7,681,852
Total non-depreciable	 104,304,662	 9,600,824	 (8,557,981)		105,347,505
Buildings & improvements	27,136,546	-			27,136,546
Land improvement	11,187,966	175,064	-		11,363,030
Machinery & equipment	4,020,484	173,924	(60,173)		4,134,235
Vehicles	5,215,586	1,334,072	(96,637)		6,453,021
Software	757,987	-	(19,119)		738,868
Infrastructure	 189,365,532	 10,718,154			200,083,686
Total depreciable	 237,684,101	 12,401,214	 (175,929)		249,909,386
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings & improvements	(7,869,450)	(764,390)	-		(8,633,840)
Land improvement	(3,673,816)	(401,144)	-		(4,074,960)
Machinery & equipment	(2,523,500)	(319,337)	45,543		(2,797,294)
Vehicles	(2,239,829)	(470,745)	93,543		(2,617,031)
Software	(326,266)	(42,276)	13,383		(355,159)
Infrastructure	 (102,786,450)	 (4,526,666)	 -		(107,313,116)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (119,419,311)	 (6,524,558)	 152,469		(125,791,400)
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 222,569,452	\$ 15,477,480	\$ (8,581,441)	\$	229,465,491

Changes in capital assets per the previous table are net of transfers between functional programs. Total depreciation expense includes amortization of intangible assets. Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 100,396
Public safety	6,583
Transportation	648,930
Public works	5,215,298
Culture and recreation	475,696
Community development	77,655
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 6,524,558

The capital asset ending balance of \$229,465,491 less related debt of \$33,093,473, plus unspent bond proceeds of \$1,862,139 is equal to the net position amount invested in capital assets of \$198,234,157 as displayed on the Statement of Net Position.

June 30, 2017

	Beginning			
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 1,812,159	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,812,159
Easements	5,057,646	210,390	-	5,268,036
Construction In Progress	2,127,278	2,261,226		4,388,504
Total non-depreciable	8,997,083	2,471,616	-	11,468,699
Buildings & improvements	41,344,626	-	-	41,344,626
Land improvement	26,136,911	-	-	26,136,911
Machinery & equipment	8,457,358	10,419	-	8,467,777
Vehicles	13,824	40,457	-	54,281
Software	15,610	-	-	15,610
Infrastructure	126,612,799	1,557,383		128,170,182
Total depreciable	202,581,128	1,608,259		204,189,387
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings & improvements	(11,623,618)	(1,036,224)	-	(12,659,842)
Land improvement	(1,239,318)	(540,357)	-	(1,779,675)
Machinery & equipment	(1,752,223)	(329,956)	-	(2,082,179)
Vehicles	(11,213)	(3,480)	-	(14,693)
Software	(5,663)	(940)	-	(6,603)
Infrastructure	(59,228,820)	(2,889,356)	-	(62,118,176)
Total accumulated depreciation	(73,860,855)	(4,800,313)		(78,661,168)
Business type activities, net	\$ 137,717,356	\$ (720,438)	\$ -	\$ 136,996,918

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Total depreciation expense includes amortization of intangible assets. Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 1,688,850
Sewer	1,949,018
Stormwater	1,059,445
Street lighting	103,000
Total depreciation for business-type activities	\$ 4,800,313

The capital asset ending balance of \$136,996,918, as noted above, less related debt of \$37,605,000, and less \$973,767 from unamortized bond premiums/discount, plus \$172,721 from unamortized bond defeasement, is equal to the net position amount invested in capital assets of \$98,590,872 as displayed on the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund Transfers, Receivables and Payables

Interfund transfers are used to pay administrative services, contribute toward the cost of capital projects, and provide operational resources. The interfund transfer activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 is noted in the following table:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2017

	Transfers In					
		General		Other		
Transfers Out	Fund		und Government			Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,201,720	\$	1,201,720
Transit Fund		6,400		-		6,400
Other Governmental		20,800		3,101,527		3,122,327
Enterprise Funds		26,400		1,286,221		1,312,621
Internal Service Fund		2,400		-		2,400
	\$	56,000	\$	5,589,468	\$	5,645,468

On the Statement of Activities, interfund transfers between the same activity types are eliminated leaving only transfers between activity types remaining. Statement of Activity transfers also include capital asset transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities. On the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and changes in Net Position, capital assets transfers are reported as a capital contribution.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables are used to make short-term and long-term interfund loans between funds. Due to/from amounts are short term financing, paid within one year, and advances are for longer term financing. The City had no due to/from amounts and three interfund advances as follows:

In July 2015, the General Fund loaned \$2,000,000 to the Stormwater Capital Fund per City Resolution 2538. This advance is being fully amortized over five years bearing an interest rate of 0.50% per annum. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 is \$1,205,980.

In July 2016, the Water Operating Fund loaned \$500,000 to the Stormwater Capital Fund per City Resolution 2591. This advanced is being fully amortized over five years bearing an interest rate of 0.60% per annum. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 is \$401,193.

In July 2016, the Water Operating Fund loaned \$400,000 to the Road Capital Fund per City Resolution 2590. This advance is being fully amortized over five years bearing an interest rate of 0.60% per annum. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 is \$320,954.

Long-Term Obligations

In the following tables, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and businesstype activities. The following table presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue. The internal service Fleet Fund predominately serves the governmental funds. Accordingly, at year end, \$39,929 of the total Fleet Fund's compensated absences is included in the table presented on the following page. Also, for the governmental activities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are generally liquidated within each operating fund.

June 30, 2017

Government-Type Activities

		Balance					Balance	Due In	
	Ju	ine 30, 2016	 Increase		Decrease	June 30, 2017		Subsequent Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Tax Increment									
Urban Renewal, Year 2000 District									
Series 2010 Bonds	\$	6,190,000	\$ -	\$	(330,000)	\$	5,860,000	\$	345,000
Urban Renewal, West Side District									
Series 2009 Bonds		7,370,000	-		(435,000)		6,935,000		455,000
Series 2011 Long-Term		4,115,000	-		(200,000)		3,915,000		210,000
Series 2012 Long-Term		6,790,000	-		(330,000)		6,460,000		340,000
Series 2013 Long-Term		6,255,000	-		(275,000)		5,980,000		285,000
Series 2015A-Taxable		3,863,842	-		(385,137)		3,478,705		385,137
Series 2015B-Non-Taxable		608,625	 -		(143,857)		464,768		160,657
Total Notes and Bonds		35,192,468	 -		(2,098,994)		33,093,473		2,180,794
Compensated absences		597,398	 608,112		(539,860)		665,650		299,261
Net pension liability	\$	6,718,286	\$ 8,920,513	\$	-		15,638,799	\$	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	42,508,152	\$ 9,528,625	\$	(2,638,854)	\$	49,397,922	\$	2,480,055

Urban Renewal Tax Increment

Year 2000 Plan District, Series 2010

In December 2010, the City issued Urban Renewal revenue bonds with an interest rate of 4.35% in the total amount of \$8,000,000. The final maturity will be in June 2025. The principal balance outstanding on the bonds at June 30, 2017 is \$5,860,000.

Year Ending			
June 30,	F	Principal	 Interest
2018	\$	345,000	\$ 249,050
2019		360,000	234,388
2020		370,000	219,088
2021		390,000	203,363
2022		405,000	186,788
2023-2025		3,990,000	 454,325
	\$	5,860,000	\$ 1,547,002

West Side District-Series 2009

In February 2009, the City issued Urban Renewal revenue bonds for the Urban Renewal West Side District. The issue, in the amount of \$10,000,000, carries an interest rate of 4.9%. The final maturity will be December 2023. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2017 is \$6,935,000.

Year Ending						
June 30,	F	Principal Interest				
2018	\$	455,000		\$	328,668	
2019		475,000			305,883	
2020		500,000			281,996	
2021		525,000			256,883	
2022		550,000			230,545	
2023-2025		4,430,000	_		297,431	
	\$	6,935,000	_	\$	1,701,406	

June 30, 2017

West Side District-Series 2011

In June 2011, the Agency converted a short-term, interest only line of credit to long-term debt. The issue, in the amount of \$5,000,000, carries an interest rate of 4.65%. The final maturity will be June 2026. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$3,915,000.

Year Ending				
June 30,	F	Principal	_	Interest
2018	\$	210,000		\$ 172,260
2019		220,000		163,020
2020		225,000		153,340
2021		235,000		143,440
2022		245,000		133,100
2023-2025		2,780,000	_	418,880
	\$	3,915,000	_	\$ 1,184,040

West Side District-Series 2012

In June 2012, the Agency converted a short-term, interest only line of credit to long-term debt. The issue, in the amount of \$8,000,000, carries an interest rate of 3.40%. The final maturity will be June 2027. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$6,460,000.

Year Ending					
June 30,	 Principal			nterest	_
2018	\$ 340,000		\$	213,180	
2019	350,000			201,960	
2020	360,000			190,410	
2021	375,000			178,530	
2022	385,000			166,155	
2023-2027	 4,650,000			631,290	_
	\$ 6,460,000		\$	1,581,525	_

West Side District-Series 2013

In June 2013, the Agency converted a short-term, interest only line of credit to long-term debt. The issue, in the amount of \$7,000,000, carries an interest rate of 3.499%. The final maturity will be June 2028. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$5,980,000.

Year Ending				
June 30,	 Principal Interest			
2018	\$ 285,000		\$	209,300
2019	295,000			199,325
2020	305,000			189,000
2021	315,000			178,325
2022	330,000			167,300
2023-2027	1,820,000			655,725
2028	 2,630,000	_		92,050
	\$ 5,980,000	_	\$	1,691,025

June 30, 2017

West Side District-Series 2015A

In July 2015, the City issued Urban Renewal tax-exempt bonds with an interest rate of 2.63% in the total amount of \$4,250,000. The final maturity will be in June 2025. The principal balance outstanding on the bonds at June 30, 2017 is \$3,478,705.

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	I	nterest
2018	\$ 395,510	\$	88,832
2019	406,163		78,180
2020	416,920		67,422
2021	428,331		56,012
2022	439,867		44,475
2023-2025	 1,391,914		61,113
	\$ 3,478,705	\$	396,034

West Side District-Series 2015B

In July 2015, the City issued Urban Renewal taxable bonds with an interest rate of 3.65% in the total amount of \$750,000. The final maturity will be in June 2020. The principal balance outstanding on the bonds at June 30, 2017 is \$464,768.

F	Principal		nterest
\$	149,255	\$	15,146
	154,856		9,546
	160,657		3,744
\$	464,768	\$	28,436
	\$ \$ \$	154,856 160,657	\$ 149,255 \$ 154,856 160,657

Business-Type Activities

		Balance				Balance		Due In
	Ju	une 30, 2016	 Increase	 Decrease	J	une 30, 2017	Sub	sequent Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Water Revenue Bonds								
Series 2016	\$	4,059,000	\$ -	\$ (979,000)	\$	3,080,000	\$	1,007,000
Full Faith and Credit Bonds								
Water Series 2007		3,490,000	-	(650,000)		2,840,000		670,000
Sewer Series 2011		33,410,000	 -	 (1,725,000)		31,685,000		1,725,000
Total Notes and Bonds		40,959,000	 -	(3,354,000)		37,605,000		3,402,000
Compensated absences		47,676	41,059	(52,960)		35,775		18,941
Net pension liability		518,463	 597,397	 -		1,115,860		-
Total Business-type Activities	\$	41,525,139	\$ 638,456	\$ (3,406,960)	\$	38,756,635	\$	3,420,941

Unamortized bond premium	973,767
Due in current year	(3,420,941)
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 36,309,461

June 30, 2017

Revenue Bonds

Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016

In April 2016 the City issued \$4,950,000 to advance refund the Series 2006 Water System Revenue Bonds. The original bond issue was for the financing of a water treatment plant on the Willamette River. The current debt interest rate is 1.98%. Final maturity is June 1, 2020. Water operating revenues are responsible for \$3,200,000 of the issued debt, of which \$2,030,000 remains outstanding. Water system development revenues are responsible \$1,750,000 of the debt, of which \$1,050,000 remains outstanding. At June 30, 2017 the outstanding balance is \$3,080,000.

Year Ending		
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 1,007,000	\$ 60,984
2019	1,026,000	41,045
2020	1,047,000	20,731
	\$ 3,080,000	\$ 122,760

Full Faith and Credit Bonds

Full Faith and Credit Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

In December 2007 the City issued \$7,875,000 to refinance a debt issued in 2000. The original debt was used to construct a water treatment plant facility. The current debt interest rate is 3.85%. Final maturity is December 1, 2020. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 is \$2,840,000. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged, however management intends to repay the debt from water operating revenues.

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal		nterest
2018	\$ 670,000	\$	96,443
2019	695,000		70,166
2020	725,000		42,831
2021	 750,000		14,438
	\$ 2,840,000	\$	223,878

Full Faith and Credit Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011

In December 2011 the City issued \$38,940,000 to finance the Waste Water Treatment Plant rehabilitation project. The current debt interest rate is 3.45%. Final maturity is December 1, 2031. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 is \$31,685,000. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged, however management intends to repay the debt from water operating revenues.

Year Ending		
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 1,780,000	\$ 1,163,463
2019	1,850,000	1,092,263
2020	1,925,000	1,018,263
2021	1,980,000	960,513
2022	2,060,000	881,311
2023-2027	11,410,000	3,302,788
2028-2031	10,680,000	1,089,000
	\$ 31,685,000	\$ 9,507,600

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type
Debt service reserves:		
Urban Renewal (Yr 2000 Plan) - 2010 B of A	\$ 603,025	\$-
Urban Renewal (West Side Plan) - 2009 Issue	796,835	-
Urban Renewal (West Side Plan) - 2011 Issue	373,920	-
Urban Renewal (West Side Plan) - 2012 Issue	549,848	-
Urban Renewal (West Side Plan) - 2013 Issue	497,300	-
Urban Renewal (West Side Plan) - 2015 Issue	425,000	
Urban Renewal (West Side Plan) - 2015 Issue	75,000	
System development charges:		
Water	-	4,632,814
Sewer	-	8,562,935
Stormwater	-	2,815,926
Oregon Dept of Transportation Cash Accounts:		
Account #11033: Barber Street and Kinsman Rd		
Sewer Operatons	-	529,360
Water SDC	-	49,026
Sewer SDC	-	815,213
Street SDC	1,816,397	-
UR Westside CIP	665,475	-
UR Westside Debt	60,923	-
Account #11034: I-5 & Wilsonville Rd		
Parks SDC	106,595	-
UR Year 2000 CIP	5,223	-
Westside CIP	5,202	-
UR Program Income	5,676	-
Deposits:		
CD Fund -Villebois Parks	184,960	-
CD Fund -CD Deposits	29,250	-
General Fund-Parks Reservation Deposits	31,500	-
Water Fund-Deposits	-	22,230
Grants and contributions:		
General Fund - Donations	-	-
General Fund - PEG Fees	176,671	-
Community Development - inspection program	-	-
	\$ 6,408,800	\$ 17,427,504

4. OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of CIS Employee Benefits, a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CIS Employee Benefits for insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and CIS Employee Benefits, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. The City has never had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 21, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

Contingent Liabilities

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Management intends to vigorously contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the City's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Property Tax Limitation

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for governmental operations. Under the limitation, tax revenue is separated into those for public schools and those for local governments other than public schools. The limitation specifies a maximum rate for all local government operations of \$10.00 per \$1,000 of real market value, while schools are similarly limited to a \$5.00 maximum rate. Local government taxes in the City currently do not exceed the \$10.00 rate limit; however, this limitation may affect the availability of future tax revenues for the City.

In May 1997, voters approved Measure 50 which rolled back assessed values to 90% of 1995-96 and limits future increases of taxable assessed values to 3% per year except for major improvements. Tax rates are now fixed and not subject to change. Voters may approve local initiatives above the fixed rate provided a majority approves at either (1) a general election in an even numbered year, or (2) at any other election in which at least 50% of registered voters cast a ballot.

Tax Abatement

The City has authorized tax exempt status for five low income apartment complexes: Autumn Park Apartments, Charleston Apartments, Creekside Woods, Rain Garden Apartments and Wiedemann Apartments. All properties are required to meet State and Federal funding requirements which include annual physical inspections and an annual audit of financial activity and programmatic compliance. The property tax exemption may be removed if the property is being used for any purpose other than the provision of low income housing, or if the property is no longer eligible under the stated provisions of ORS 307.540 to 307.548. Section E of the renewal application requires the applicant to acknowledge compliance with the requirements annually. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 the foregone property tax revenue is \$78,045.

Pension Plan

The City Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Qualified employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. Employees hired before August 29, 2003 belong to the Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238), while employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 belong to the OPSRP Pension Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238A). OPSRP consists of the Pension Program (defined benefit) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution). Beginning January 1, 2004, PERS active Tier One and Tier Two members became members of the Individual Account Program (IAP) of OPSRP. PERS members retain their existing Defined Benefit Plan accounts, but member contributions are now deposited into the member's IAP account, not into the member's Defined Benefit Plan account. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/.

Benefits provided under ORS Chapter 238 – Tier One/ Tier Two

Pension Benefits: The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

June 30, 2017

Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met: the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death; the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment; the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or; the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits: A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than dutyconnected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement: Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Benefits provided under Chapter 238A - OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP Defined Benefit)

Pension Benefits: This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits: A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement: Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. The City contribution rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were 16.59 for Tier One/Two members and 10.55 percent for OPSRP general service members. City contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$1,174,918, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

Members of PERS are required to contribute 6% of their salary covered under the plan, which is invested in the OPSRP Individual Account Program. The employer is allowed to pay any or all of the employees' contribution in addition to the required employer's contribution. The City has elected to contribute all of the 6% contribution, for a total of \$554,933, on behalf of the employees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$16,754,659 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured by OPERS as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to

June 30, 2017

calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.1116%, down 11.43% from its proportion of 0.1260% measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,637,357. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	554,317	\$ -
Change of assumptions		3,573,366	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		3,310,018	-
Changes in proportionate share		160,003	777,240
Differences between City's contributions and City's proportionate share of system contributions		107,944	320,809
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,141,080	 -
Total	\$	8,846,728	\$ 1,098,049

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$1,141,080 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase in the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30:	 Amount
2016	\$ 1,131,179
2017	1,131,179
2018	2,359,069
2019	1,763,514
2020	 222,657
Total	\$ 6,607,599

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set by OPERS using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

June 30, 2017

Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Experience Study Report	2014, published September 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years.
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%)
Mortality	 Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95% for females) of the RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, disabled mortality table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were

June 30, 2017

calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)		
City's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability (asset)	\$27,053,189	\$16,754,659	\$8,146,891		

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.00%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.61
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00	5.42
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.20
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	6.70
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	6.99
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	7.01
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13	6.73
Emerging Foreign Equities	4.12	7.25
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88	7.22
Private Equities	17.50	7.97
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.84
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.69
Hedge Fund of Funds (Diversified)	2.50	4.64
Hedge Fund – Event driven	0.63	6.72
Timber	1.88	5.85
Farmland	1.88	6.37
Infrastructure	3.75	7.13
Commodities	1.88	4.58
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50

Individual Account Program

Pension Benefits: An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of

June 30, 2017

five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits: Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balances. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Money Purchase Retirement Plan

The City provides a money purchase retirement plan and trust created under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h) for the benefit of eligible employees. Under the plan, the City contributes 3% of the employee's compensation into the trust. Eligible employees are those who have worked at least six months, are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement, and are not municipal court judges. At June 30, 2017, 76 participants were included the plan and 25 active participants that have a fully vested interest. Total assets, including non-active participants, held by the trust were \$1,420,927 including \$1,366,697 for fully vested participants. Participant's interests in the plan vest ratably over a five-year period. Benefits commence within a reasonable time after termination of employment.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The City has two deferred compensation trust plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The trusts hold assets for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

On July 28, 2017, subsequent to the June 30, 2016 measurement date, the OSPERS Board lowered the assumed rate to 7.2 percent. The current assumed rate is 7.5 percent and has been in effect for member transactions since January 1, 2016. The new rate will take effect January 1, 2018. The effect on the City has not been determined.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

City Healthcare Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: As required by ORS 243.303, the City provides retirees the same group health and dental insurance as provided to current employees from the date of retirement to the age of 65 when retirees and spouses typically become eligible for Medicare. The City, however, does not pay directly for any portion of its retiree's health care or life insurance coverages.

The City's defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS), an agent multiple-employer healthcare provider. All medical or dental coverages offered by the City to its employees and retirees are community rated. CIS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to CIS, 1212 Court Street NE, Salem, OR 97301, or by accessing the CIS website at <u>www.cisoregon.org</u>.

The City implemented GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension prospectively beginning in fiscal year June 30, 2009. GASB 45 paragraph 13.a.(2) offers an exemption from measuring an implicit subsidy under certain conditions for employers participating in community rated health care coverages. A qualified independent review, completed in August 2011, has determined that the City's health care coverages are community rated and a GASB 45 valuation is not required based on this exemption.

Retirement Health Insurance Account Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City contributes to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems' (OPERS) Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board (OPERB). RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. The plan, which was established under Oregon Revised Statutes 238.420, provides a payment of up to \$60 per month towards the costs of health

June 30, 2017

insurance for eligible PERS retirees. RHIA post-employment benefits are set by state statute. A comprehensive annual financial report of the funds administered by the OPERB may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700 or by accessing the PERS web site at www.oregon.gov/PERS/.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute at a rate assessed bi-annually by the OPERB, currently 0.53% of annual covered payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2, and .45% for OPSRP. The OPERB sets the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's contributions to PERS' RHIA for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, 2015 were approximately \$39,330, \$41,662, and \$44,175 which equaled the required contributions for that year.

Encumbrance Accounting

All year end outstanding encumbrances lapse at year-end and are reappropriated as required to the subsequent year.

GASB Pronouncements Implemented

GASB Statement 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures". This statement requires state and local governments to disclose information about tax abatement agreements. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Required Supplemental Pension Information

For the year ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Last Four Fiscal Years¹

						City's proportionate	Plan fiduciary
			City's		City's	share of net pension	net position
Fiscal Year	City's proportion	pro	portionate share	covered		(asset) / liability	as a percentage
Ended	of the net pension	of	the net pension		employee	as a percentage	of total pension
June 30	(asset/liability)	(a	asset) / liability	payroll		of covered payroll	(asset)/liability
2014	0.1140 %	\$	5,816,743	\$	8,216,318	70.8 %	92.0 %
2015	0.1140		(2,583,680)		8,598,801	(30.0)	103.6
2016	0.1260		7,236,749	8,784,354		82.4	91.9
2017	0.1116		16,754,659		9,227,258	181.6	80.5

¹ 10-year trend information required by GASB Statement 68 will be presented prospectively as it becomes available.

Schedule of the the City's Contributions

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System Last Four Fiscal Years¹

Fiscal Year	Co	ontractually			(Contribution			Actual contribution as						
Ended		required		Actual deficiency				Covered	as % of						
June 30	со	ontributions	с	ontribution		(excess)		(excess)		payroll	covered payroll				
2014	\$	937,892	\$	(937,892)	\$	-	\$	8,598,801	10.9 %						
2015		967,083		(967,083)		-		8,598,801	11.0						
2016		1,207,398		(1,207,398)		-		-		-		-		9,227,258	13.1
2017		1,141,080		(1,141,080)		-		8,775,960	13.0						

¹ 10-year trend information required by GASB Statement 68 will be presented prospectively as it becomes available.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				(1180010)
Taxes	\$ 9,797,570	\$ 9,797,570	\$ 10,339,897	\$ 542,327
Intergovernmental	1,926,760	1,926,760	2,050,515	123,755
Licenses and permits	172,100	172,100	186,811	14,711
Charges for services	639,500	639,500	669,324	29,824
Fines and forfeitures	210,000	210,000	237,009	27,009
Investment revenue	75,000	75,000	152,059	77,059
Other revenues	183,050	183,050	164,818	(18,232)
Total revenues	13,003,980	13,003,980	13,800,433	796,453
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	1,336,425	1,456,425	1,313,762	142,663
Finance	1,372,571	1,388,071	1,227,933	160,138
Information Systems	1,012,190	1,117,190	799,759	317,431
Geographic Information Systems	231,124	231,124	198,500	32,624
Legal	553,236	553,236	429,023	124,213
Human Resources	694,129	694,129	647,581	46,548
Law Enforcement	4,443,964	4,443,964	4,146,246	297,718
Municipal Court	206,630	206,630	180,855	25,775
Public Works Administration	475,277	475,277	453,441	21,836
Building Maintenance	980,296	1,024,031	877,829	146,202
Parks Maintenance	1,343,163	1,349,073	1,219,316	129,757
Parks & Recreation	1,617,522	1,532,522	1,096,679	435,843
Library	1,868,412	1,868,412	1,823,557	44,855
Contingency	9,226,468	8,747,853		8,747,853
Total expenditures	25,361,407	25,087,937	14,414,481	10,673,456
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(12,357,427)	(12,083,957)	(614,048)	11,469,909
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from interfund loan	1,406,020	1,406,020	406,020	(1,000,000)
Payment of interfund loan	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		1,000,000
Transfers in	3,166,238	3,255,393	2,764,882	(490,511)
Transfers out	(1,672,650)	(2,035,275)	(1,201,720)	833,555
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,899,608	1,626,138	1,969,182	343,044
Net change in fund balances	(10,457,819)	(10,457,819)	1,355,134	11,812,953
Fund balancesbeginning	12,829,219	12,829,219	14,692,906	1,863,687
Fund balancesending	\$ 2,371,400	\$ 2,371,400	\$ 16,048,040	\$ 13,676,640
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Transit Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	 						
Taxes	\$ 4,722,810	\$	4,722,810	\$	5,552,582	\$	829,772
Intergovernmental	1,185,875		1,185,875		988,447		(197,428)
Charges for services	214,080		214,080		179,887		(34,193)
Investment revenue	15,000		15,000		19,851		4,851
Other revenues	14,000		14,000		26,603		12,603
Total revenues	 6,151,765		6,151,765		6,767,370		615,605
EXPENDITURES							
Transit	6,251,017		6,251,017		5,398,082		852,935
Contingency	815,614		815,614		-		815,614
Total expenditures	7,066,631		7,066,631		5,398,082		1,668,549
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(914,866)		(914,866)		1,369,288		2,284,154
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	(603,375)		(603,375)		(511,319)		92,056
Net change in fund balances	(1,518,241)		(1,518,241)		857,969		2,376,210
Fund balancesbeginning	 2,564,441	2,564,441		4,441 2,754,842		190,4	
Fund balancesending	\$ 1,046,200	\$	1,046,200	\$	3,612,811	\$	2,566,611

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Notes to Required Supplemental Information

For the year ended June 30, 2017

1. Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Sections of Oregon Revised Statements (Oregon Budget Law) require most transactions be budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. However, there are certain transactions where statutory budget requirements conflict with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The following discusses the differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis of accounting for the General Fund and the Transit Fund.

	Ge	eneral Fund	Transit Fund		
Net change in fund balance - budget basis	\$	1,355,134	\$	857,969	
Budgeted resources not qualifying as revenues or other					
financing sources under GAAP:					
Repayment of interfund loans are treated as transfers on a budgetary basis and as receivable on a GAAP basis.		(398,000)		-	
		())			
Indirect and other cost reimbursements received are reported as revenues or					
other financing sources on a budget basis. Such receipts are reclassified as a					
reduction of expenditures on a GAAP basis.		(2,708,882)		504,919	
Budgeted expenditures not qualifying as expenditures or other					
financing uses under GAAP:					
Interfund loans are treated as transfers on a budgetary basis and as receivable on a GAAP basis.		-		-	
Indirect and other costs reimbursed are reported as expenditures on a budget					
basis. Such disbursements are reclassified as a reduction of revenues and					
other financing sources on a GAAP basis.		2,708,882		(504,919)	
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis	\$	957,134	\$	857,969	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- Other Financial Schedules

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Building Inspections

Accounts for the administrative and enforcement of building codes.

Community Development

Accounts for activities related to civil engineering, planning, urban renewal management, stormwater management and natural resources.

Road Operating

Accounts for revenues from gasoline tax apportionments from the State of Oregon that are used for the repair and maintenance associated with streets.

Road Maintenance Regulatory

Accounts for a special fee on commercial and residential dwellings to be used for major road repairs and reconstruction.

Debt Service Fund

Debt service funds are used to account for the debt sold to finance designated street and utility improvements and/or major projects.

Debt Service

Accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on general obligation, local improvement, and other long-term debt.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Street Capital Projects

Accounts for the construction or reconstruction of streets, sidewalks and bike-paths that are paid from issuance of debt, system development charges, grants, and interest earnings.

Building Projects

Accounts for acquisition and development and redevelopment of public facilities. Improvements are paid from grants, interfund transfers, and issuance of debt.

Park Projects

Accounts for acquisition and development of parks and open spaces that are paid from system development charges, donations, grants, and transfers from operating funds.

Street Development Charges

Accounts for collection of system development charges from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for parks infrastructure expansion.

Washington County Transportation Development Tax

Accounts for collection of Washingtong County development tax from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for development within Washington County portion of Wilsonville.

Park Development Charges

Accounts for collection of system development charges from new residential and commercial construction. Proceeds are used to pay for parks infrastructure expansion.

Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Capital Projects Fund

Accounts for acquisition, construction, and improvements within the district that are financed from the issuance of debt and interest earnings.

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Program Income

Accounts for the less restricted, non bond proceed, income related to the Year 2000 Urban Renewal District. Includes revenue such as reimbursements, loan repayments, and land sales.

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Program Income

Accounts for the less restricted, non bond proceed, income related to the West Side Urban Renewal District. Includes revenue such as reimbursements, loan repayments, and land sales.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

	Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Combined Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	10,362,651	\$	25,824,351	\$	36,187,002	
Receivables:							
Interest		1,773		48,796		50,569	
Accounts		230,915		75,000		305,915	
Prepaids		4,522		-		4,522	
Restricted cash and investments		214,210		1,933,891		2,148,101	
Total assets	\$	10,814,071	\$	27,882,038	\$ 38,696,109		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	425,100	\$	785,545	\$	1,210,645	
Other accrued liabilities	-	240,067	-	15,612		255,679	
Deposits		214,210		-		214,210	
Due to other funds		-		320,954		320,954	
Unearned revenue		39,834		-		39,834	
Total liabilities		919,211		1,122,111		2,041,322	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		4,522		-		4,522	
Restricted		-		16,045,068		16,045,068	
Committed		988,300		-		988,300	
Assigned	8,902,038			10,714,859		19,616,897	
Total fund balances		9,894,860		26,759,927		36,654,787	
Total liabilities and		, ,		, ,		, ,	
fund balances	\$	10,814,071	\$	27,882,038	\$	38,696,109	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

								Road	
		Building Inspection		ommunity		Road		aintenance	_
				evelopment	(Operating	F	Regulatory	 Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	4,518,901	\$	2,764,244	\$	1,363,137	\$	1,716,369	\$ 10,362,651
Receivables:									
Interest		1,773		-		-		-	1,773
Accounts		300		-		122,953		107,662	230,915
Prepaids		-		4,522		-		-	4,522
Restricted cash and investments		-		214,210		-		-	 214,210
Total assets	\$	4,520,974	\$	2,982,976	\$	1,486,090	\$	1,824,031	\$ 10,814,071
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	327,539	\$	64,767	\$	32,794	\$	-	\$ 425,100
Other accrued liabilities		162,397		68,073		9,597		-	240,067
Deposits		-		214,210		-		-	214,210
Unearned revenue		39,834		-		-		-	39,834
Total liabilities		529,770		347,050		42,391		-	 919,211
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		-		4,522		-		-	4,522
Committed		163,400		652,700		172,200		-	988,300
Assigned		3,827,804		1,978,704		1,271,499		1,824,031	8,902,038
Total fund balances		3,991,204		2,635,926		1,443,699		1,824,031	9,894,860
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$	4,520,974	\$	2,982,976	\$	1,486,090	\$	1,824,031	\$ 10,814,071

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

	Street Capital Projects			Building Projects		Park Projects	Street Development Charges		
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	1,418,419	\$	1,308,637	\$	322,744	\$	7,220,076	
Receivables:									
Interest		-		-		-		25,172	
Accounts		75,000		-		-		-	
Restricted cash and investments		-		-	_	-		1,816,397	
Total assets	\$	1,493,419	\$	1,308,637	\$	322,744	\$	9,061,645	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	479,718	\$	117,633	\$	137,388	\$	-	
Other accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		320,954		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		800,672		117,633		137,388		-	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		-		-		-		9,061,645	
Assigned		692,747		1,191,004		185,356		-	
Total fund balances		692,747		1,191,004		185,356		9,061,645	
Total liabilities and									
fund balances	\$	1,493,419	\$	1,308,637	\$	322,744	\$	9,061,645	

Continued on page 93.

Tra	/ashington County nsportation velopment Tax	De	Park evelopment Charges	Urban Renewal Year 2000 Capital Projects	Urban Renewal Year 2000 Program Income			Urban Renewal West Side Program Income	 Total
\$	326,931	\$	6,526,273	\$ 1,852,357	\$	2,040,988	\$	4,807,926	\$ 25,824,351
	409		23,215	-		-		-	48,796
	-		-	-		-		-	75,000
	-		106,595	5,223		-		5,676	1,933,891
\$	327,340	\$	6,656,083	\$ 1,857,580	\$	2,040,988	\$ 4,813,602		\$ 27,882,038
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 48,695	\$	-	\$	2,111	\$ 785,545
	-		-	-		15,612		-	15,612
	-		-	 -		-		-	 320,954
	-		-	 48,695		15,612		2,111	 1,122,111
	327,340		6,656,083	-		-		-	16,045,068
	-		-	1,808,885		2,025,376		4,811,491	10,714,859
	327,340		6,656,083	 1,808,885		2,025,376		4,811,491	 26,759,927
	·		· ·	· ·		· ·		· ·	
\$	327,340	\$	6,656,083	\$ 1,857,580	\$	2,040,988	\$	4,813,602	\$ 27,882,038

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	Combined Nonmajor Special Funds	Combined Nonmajor pital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,406,961	\$ 1,091,000	\$ 2,497,961
Licenses and permits	2,274,198	127,449	2,401,647
Charges for services	1,703,857	-	1,703,857
System development fees	-	5,604,943	5,604,943
Investment revenue	68,053	204,666	272,719
Other revenues	5,810	126,933	 132,743
Total revenues	 5,458,879	 7,154,991	 12,613,870
EXPENDITURES Current operating:			
General government	621,011	136,656	757,667
Public works	892,570	-	892,570
Community development	2,369,325	1,356,578	3,725,903
Debt service:			
Interest	2,400	-	2,400
Capital outlay	 22,252	 4,757,285	 4,779,537
Total expenditures	 3,907,558	 6,250,519	 10,158,077
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	 1,551,321	 904,472	 2,455,793
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	267,000	5,322,468	5,589,468
Transfers out	 (625,209)	 (2,497,118)	 (3,122,327)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (358,209)	 2,825,350	 2,467,141
Net change in fund balances	1,193,112	3,729,822	4,922,934
Fund balancesbeginning	 8,701,748	 23,030,105	 31,731,853
Fund balancesending	\$ 9,894,860	\$ 26,759,927	\$ 36,654,787

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

		Building	C	ommunity		Road	M	aintenance	
		Inspections		Development		Operating		legulatory	 Total
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,406,961	\$	-	\$ 1,406,961
Licenses and permits		1,477,251		796,947		-		-	2,274,198
Charges for services		-		823,651		-		880,206	1,703,857
Investment revenue		17,309		22,692		13,067		14,985	68,053
Other revenues		-		284		5,526		-	 5,810
Total revenues		1,494,560		1,643,574		1,425,554		895,191	 5,458,879
EXPENDITURES									
Current operating:									
General government		109,403		423,756		87,852		-	621,011
Public works		20,085		80,339		792,146		-	892,570
Community development		888,870		1,480,455		-		-	2,369,325
Debt service:									
Interest		-		-		2,400		-	2,400
Capital outlay		3,848		3,848		14,556		-	 22,252
Total expenditures		1,022,206		1,988,398		896,954		-	 3,907,558
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		472,354		(344,824)		528,600		895,191	1,551,321
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Transfers in		-		267,000		-		-	267,000
Transfers out		(3,200)		(14,400)		(308,025)		(299,584)	 (625,209)
Net change in fund balances		469,154		(92,224)		220,575		595,607	1,193,112
Fund balancesbeginning		3,522,050		2,728,150		1,223,124		1,228,424	 8,701,748
Fund balancesending	\$	3,991,204	\$	2,635,926	\$	1,443,699	\$	1,824,031	\$ 9,894,860

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Ca	treet apital ojects	Building Projects		pital Building		Park Projects		De	Street evelopment Charges
REVENUES								_		
Intergovernmental	\$	91,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	-	\$	-		
Licenses and permits		-		-		127,449		-		
System development fees		-		-		-		3,999,189		
Investment revenue		10,867		5,728		425		49,904		
Other revenues		-		-		-		35		
Total revenues		101,867		1,005,728		127,874		4,049,128		
EXPENDITURES										
Current operating:										
General government		67,027		62,287		7,342		-		
Community development		532,627		24,913		174,343		3,729		
Capital outlay		1,806,826		2,002,619		333,613		-		
Total expenditures		2,406,480		2,089,819		515,298		3,729		
Excess (deficiencies)										
of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		(2,304,613)		(1,084,091)		(387,424)		4,045,399		
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		2,394,525		2,089,819		514,369		-		
Transfers out		(368,446)		-		-		(1,646,231)		
Total other financing										
sources (uses)		2,026,079		2,089,819		514,369		(1,646,231)		
Net change in fund balances		(278,534)		1,005,728		126,945		2,399,168		
Fund balancesbeginning		971,281		185,276		58,411		6,662,477		
Fund balancesending	\$	692,747	\$	1,191,004	\$	185,356	\$	9,061,645		

Continued on page 97.

C Trans	shington County sportation elopment Tax		Park velopment Charges	Urban Renewal Year 2000 Projects		Urban Renewal Year 2000 Program Income		١	Urban Renewal West Side Program Income	Total		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,091,000	
	-		-		-		-		-		127,449	
	-		1,605,754		-		-		-		5,604,943	
	3,585		49,659		29,090		15,181		40,227		204,666	
	-		-		-		126,898		-		126,933	
	3,585		1,655,413		29,090		142,079		40,227		7,154,991	
	- - -		2,682 - 2,682		- 555,246 493,862 1,049,108		- 6,538 - 6,538		- 56,500 120,365 176,865		136,656 1,356,578 4,757,285 6,250,519	
	3,585		1,652,731		(1,020,018)		135,541		(136,638)		904,472	
	323,755		-		-		-		-		5,322,468	
	-		(482,441)		-		-		-		(2,497,118)	
	323,755		(482,441)		-		-		-		2,825,350	
li -	327,340		1,170,290		(1,020,018)		135,541		(136,638)		3,729,822	
	- ,		5,485,793		2,828,903		1,889,835		4,948,129		23,030,105	
ć	227 240	ć		ć		ć		ć		ć		
\$	327,340	\$	6,656,083	\$	1,808,885	Ş	2,025,376	\$	4,811,491	Ş	26,759,927	

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

- Community Development Fund
- Building Inspection Fund
- Road Operating
- Road Maintenance Regulatory

Debt Service Funds

- Debt Service
- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan

Capital Project Funds

- Street
- Building
- Park
- Street Development
- Washington County Transportation Development
- Park Development
- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan
- Urban Renewal Year 2000 Plan Program Income
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan
- Urban Renewal West Side Plan Program Income

Community Development Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		onginar				, anounto		inegative,
Licenses and permits	\$	1,100,198	\$	1,100,198	\$	796,947	\$	(303,251)
Charges for services		594,400		774,500		823,651	-	49,151
Investment revenue		12,000		12,000		22,692		10,692
Other revenues		500		500		284		(216)
Total revenues		1,707,098		1,887,198		1,643,574		(243,624)
EXPENDITURES Community Development Administration		771,542		771,542		544,247		227,295
Engineering		1,348,000		1,348,000		1,126,999		221,001
Planning		1,007,074		1,040,074		829,960		210,114
Stormwater Management		141,683		141,683		140,188		1,495
Contingency		1,673,763		2,049,006		-		2,049,006
Total expenditures		4,942,062		5,350,305		2,641,394		2,708,911
Deficiency of revenues								
under expenditures		(3,234,964)		(3,463,107)		(997,820)		2,465,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,981,238		2,209,381		1,424,091		(785,290)
Transfers out		(525,479)		(525,479)		(518,495)		6,984
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,455,759		1,683,902		905,596		(778,306)
Net change in fund balances		(1,779,205)		(1,779,205)		(92,224)		1,686,981
Fund balancesbeginning		2,431,905		2,431,905		2,728,150		296,245
Fund balancesending	\$	652,700	\$	652,700	\$	2,635,926	\$	1,983,226

Building Inspection Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive
	Original Final		Amounts		(Negative)			
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	1,604,935	\$	1,604,935	\$	1,477,251	\$	(127,684)
Investment revenue		15,000		15,000		17,309		2,309
Total revenues		1,619,935		1,619,935		1,494,560		(125,375)
EXPENDITURES								
Building Inspection		821,701		846,701		815,504		31,197
Contingency		3,382,653		3,357,653		-		3,357,653
Total expenditures		4,204,354		4,204,354		815,504		3,388,850
Deficiency of revenues								
under expenditures		(2,584,419)		(2,584,419)		679,056		3,263,475
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(227,463)		(227,463)		(209,902)		17,561
Total other financing sources (uses)		(227,463)		(227,463)		(209,902)		17,561
Net change in fund balances		(2,811,882)		(2,811,882)		469,154		3,281,036
Fund balancesbeginning		2,975,282		2,975,282		3,522,050		546,768
Fund balancesending	\$	163,400	\$	163,400	\$	3,991,204	\$	3,827,804

Road Operating Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES	0			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,328,925	\$ 1,328,925	\$ 1,406,961	\$ 78,036
Investment revenue	6,000	6,000	13,067	7,067
Other revenues	1,500	1,500	5,526	4,026
Total revenues	1,336,425	1,336,425	1,425,554	89,129
EXPENDITURES				
Road Operating	869,766	875,676	707,518	168,158
Debt Expense	81,500	81,500	81,446	54
Contingency	532,132	,	- 01,440	526,222
Total expenditures	1,483,398		788,964	694,434
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		1,403,330	700,504	054,454
over (under) expenditures	(146,973	(146,973)	636,590	783,563
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(644,033	(644,033)	(416,015)	228,018
Net change in fund balances	(791,006	(791,006)	220,575	1,011,581
Fund balancesbeginning	963,206	963,206	1,223,124	259,918
Fund balancesending	\$ 172,200	\$ 172,200	\$ 1,443,699	\$ 1,271,499

Road Maintenance Regulatory Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Dudeete			A	Actual Amounts		iance With nal Budget
	 Original	a Amour	d Amounts Final		udgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	 						
Charges for services	\$ 710,000	\$	710,000	\$	880,206	\$	170,206
Investment revenue	2,000		2,000		14,985		12,985
Total revenues	 712,000		712,000		895,191		183,191
EXPENDITURES							
Contingency	690,600		690,600		-		690,600
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures	21,400		21,400		895,191		873,791
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	 (950,000)		(950,000)		(299,584)		650,416
Net change in fund balances	(928,600)		(928,600)		595,607		1,524,207
Fund balancesbeginning	 928,600		928,600		1,228,424		299,824
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,824,031	\$	1,824,031

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Sudgetary	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive
	 Original	Final		Basis		(Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 4,120,000	\$	4,120,000	\$	4,055,840	\$	(64,160)
Investment revenue	 20,000		20,000		55,599		35,599
Total revenues	 4,140,000		4,140,000		4,111,439		(28,561)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal	4,830,000		4,830,000		330,000		4,500,000
Interest	763,075		763,075		263,075		500,000
Contingency	 2,500,000		2,500,000		-		2,500,000
Total expenditures	 8,093,075		8,093,075		593,075		7,500,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(3,953,075)		(3,953,075)		3,518,364		7,471,439
Fund balancesbeginning	 5,530,943		5,530,943		5,478,203		(52,740)
Fund balancesending	\$ 1,577,868	\$	1,577,868	\$	8,996,567	\$	7,418,699

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Budgetary		iance With nal Budget Positive
	Original		Anou	Final		Basis		Vegative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>					<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	5,055,823	\$	5,055,823	\$	5,705,108	\$	649,285
Investment revenue		23,000		23,000		123,753		100,753
Total revenues		5,078,823		5,078,823		5,828,861		750,038
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal		2,768,994		2,768,994		1,768,994		1,000,000
Interest		1,094,277		1,094,277		1,094,277		-
Contingency		4,831,903		4,831,903		-		4,831,903
Total expenditures		8,695,174		8,695,174		2,863,271		5,831,903
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(3,616,351)		(3,616,351)		2,965,590		6,581,941
Fund balancesbeginning		6,488,537		6,488,537		6,552,417		63,880
Fund balancesending	\$	2,872,186	\$	2,872,186	\$	9,518,007	\$	6,645,821

Street Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original Final		Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000	\$ 91,000	\$ (24,000)
Investment revenue	2,500	2,500	10,867	8,367
Other revenues	240,000	240,000	-	(240,000)
Total revenues	357,500	357,500	101,867	(255,633)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	4,809,067	6,163,367	1,806,826	4,356,541
Contingency	1,104,430	1,104,430	-	1,104,430
Total expenditures	5,913,497	7,267,797	1,806,826	5,460,971
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(5,555,997)	(6,910,297)	(1,704,959)	5,205,338
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from interfund loan	400,000	400,000	400,000	-
Transfers in	5,388,424	6,845,839	2,315,479	(4,530,360)
Transfers out	(1,217,999)	(1,321,114)	(968,100)	353,014
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,570,425	5,924,725	1,747,379	(4,177,346)
Net change in fund balances	(985,572)	(985,572)	42,420	1,027,992
Fund balancesbeginning	985,572	985,572	971,281	(14,291)
Fund balancesending	\$	\$	\$ 1,013,701	\$ 1,013,701

Adjustment from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting basis:

Interfund loan treated as receivable on a GAAP basis	\$ (400,000)
Repayment of interfund loan reduces receivable on GAAP basis	 79,046
Fund balances - generally accepted accounting principles basis	 692,747

Building Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 850,000	\$ 850,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 150,000
Investment revenue	1,000	1,000	5,728	4,728
Total revenues	851,000	851,000	1,005,728	154,728
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	3,501,500	3,539,900	2,002,619	1,537,281
Contingency	212,488	212,488	-	212,488
Total expenditures	3,713,988	3,752,388	2,002,619	1,749,769
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(2,862,988)	(2,901,388)	(996,891)	1,904,497
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,770,500	2,808,900	2,089,819	(719,081)
Transfers out	(92,400)	(92,400)	(87,200)	5,200
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,678,100	2,716,500	2,002,619	(713,881)
Net change in fund balances	(184,888)	(184,888)	1,005,728	1,190,616
Fund balancesbeginning	184,888	184,888	185,276	388
Fund balancesending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 1,191,004	\$ 1,191,004

Park Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 127,449	\$ 125,449
Investment revenue	-	-	425	425
Other revenues	500	500		(500)
Total revenues	2,500	2,500	127,874	125,374
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	1,936,500	2,669,775	333,613	2,336,162
Contingency	256,803	256,803	-	256,803
Total expenditures	2,193,303	2,926,578	333,613	2,592,965
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(2,190,803)	(2,924,078)	(205,739)	2,718,339
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,157,838	3,009,947	514,369	(2,495,578)
Transfers out	(198,323)	(317,157)	(181,685)	135,472
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,959,515	2,692,790	332,684	(2,360,106)
Net change in fund balances	(231,288)	(231,288)	126,945	358,233
Fund balancesbeginning	231,288	231,288	58,411	(172,877)
Fund balancesending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 185,356	\$ 185,356

Street Development Charges Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
System development fees	\$ 4,185,810	\$ 4,185,810	\$ 3,999,189	\$ (186,621)
Investment revenue	30,000	30,000	49,904	19,904
Other revenues			35	35
Total revenues	4,215,810	4,215,810	4,049,128	(166,682)
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	16,059	16,059	3,729	12,330
Contingency	6,885,704	5,790,589		5,790,589
Total expenditures	6,901,763	5,806,648	3,729	5,802,919
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	0,001,700	5,000,010	5,725	5,862,515
over (under) expenditures	(2,685,953)	(1,590,838)	4,045,399	5,636,237
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(3,538,299)	(4,633,414)	(1,646,231)	2,987,183
Net change in fund balances	(6,224,252)	(6,224,252)	2,399,168	8,623,420
Fund balancesbeginning	6,224,252	6,224,252	6,662,477	438,225
Fund balancesending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 9,061,645	\$ 9,061,645

Washington County Transportation Development Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

		Budgeted An	nounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	Origi	nal	Final		Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Investment revenue	\$	- \$	5	- \$	3,585	\$	3,585
EXPENDITURES							
Contingency		400,000	400,	000	-		400,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(4	100,000)	(400 <i>,</i>	000)	3,585		403,585
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers in		100,000	400,	000	323,755		(76,245)
Net change in fund balances		-		-	327,340		327,340
Fund balancesbeginning					-		-
Fund balancesending	\$	- \$	5	- \$	327,340	\$	327,340

Park Development Charges Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual Amounts Budgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Basis	(Negative)	
REVENUES	 		-	 		
System development fees	\$ 1,882,710	\$	1,882,710	\$ 1,605,754	\$	(276,956)
Investment revenue	26,000		26,000	49,659		23,659
Total revenues	 1,908,710		1,908,710	 1,655,413		(253,297)
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services	3,889		3,889	2,682		1,207
Contingency	4,025,338		3,240,104	-		3,240,104
Total expenditures	 4,029,227		3,243,993	2,682		3,241,311
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,120,517)		(1,335,283)	 1,652,731		2,988,014
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	(2,012,213)		(2,797,447)	 (482,441)		2,315,006
Net change in fund balances	(4,132,730)		(4,132,730)	1,170,290		5,303,020
Fund balancesbeginning	 4,132,730		4,132,730	 5,485,793		1,353,063
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,656,083	\$	6,656,083

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive
	0	riginal		Final	 Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Investment revenue	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$ 29,090	\$	21,590
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		525,270		648,870	555,246		93,624
Capital outlay		583,560		796,060	493,862		302,198
Contingency		1,566,791		1,230,691	-		1,230,691
Total expenditures		2,675,621		2,675,621	 1,049,108		1,626,513
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(2,668,121)		(2,668,121)	(1,020,018)		1,648,103
Fund balancesbeginning		2,668,121		2,668,121	2,828,903		160,782
Fund balancesending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,808,885	\$	1,808,885

Urban Renewal - Year 2000 Plan Program Income Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

		Budgeted	Amour	nts	Actual Amounts udgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	0	Priginal		Final	 Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Investment revenue	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$ 15,181	\$	8,181
Other revenues		94,400		94,400	 126,898		32,498
Total revenues		101,400		101,400	 142,079		40,679
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		50,000		50,000	6,538		43,462
Contingency		1,924,045		1,924,045	 -	_	1,924,045
Total expenditures		1,974,045		1,974,045	 6,538		1,967,507
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,872,645)		(1,872,645)	135,541		2,008,186
Fund balancesbeginning		1,872,645		1,872,645	1,889,835		17,190
Fund balancesending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,025,376	\$	2,025,376

Urban Renewal - West Side Plan Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment revenue	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 15,122	\$ 3,122
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	949,545	949,545	884,615	64,930
Capital outlay	612,500	612,500	265,047	347,453
Contingency	1,005,757	1,005,757		1,005,757
Total expenditures	2,567,802	2,567,802	1,149,662	1,418,140
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(2,555,802)	(2,555,802)	(1,134,540)	1,421,262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Issuance of debt	1,000,000	1,000,000		(1,000,000)
Net change in fund balances	(1,555,802)	(1,555,802)	(1,134,540)	421,262
Fund balancesbeginning	1,555,802	1,555,802	2,745,462	1,189,660
Fund balancesending	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	1,610,922	\$ 1,610,922

(1,557,668)

53,254

\$

Adjustment from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting basis:

Development charge payable

Fund balances - generally accepted accounting principles basis	
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CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Urban Renewal - Westside Plan Program Income Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual Amounts udgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Investment revenue	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 40,227	\$	30,227
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services	-		56,500	56,500		-
Capital outlay	484,000		484,000	120,365		363,635
Contingency	4,476,000		4,419,500	-		4,419,500
Total expenditures	4,960,000		4,960,000	176,865		4,783,135
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,950,000)		(4,950,000)	 (136,638)		4,813,362
Fund balancesbeginning	 4,950,000		4,950,000	 4,948,129		(1,871)
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,811,491	\$	4,811,491

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

- Water Operating
- Water Capital Projects
- Water Development Charges
- Water Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Sewer Operating
- Sewer Capital Projects
- Sewer Development Charges
- Sewer Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Stormwater Operating
- Stormwater Capital Projects
- Stormwater Development Charges
- Stormwater Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Street Lighting
- Street Lighting Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP
- Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balances to GAAP Basis Net Position

Internal Service Fund

• Fleet Internal Service Fund

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Water Operating Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Pudgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
		l Amounts Final	Budgetary Basis		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Dasis	(Negative)	
Charges for services	\$ 7,552,582	\$ 7,595,582	\$ 8,288,220	\$ 692,638	
Fines and forfeitures	12,000	12,000	19,271	ç 052,030 7,271	
Investment revenue	45,000	45,000	96,840	51,840	
Other revenues	12,000	12,000	12,000	-	
Total revenues	7,621,582	7,664,582	8,416,331	751,749	
EXPENDITURES					
Water Operating	1,402,353	1,447,126	1,295,742	151,384	
Water Treatment	2,861,875	2,941,875	2,652,143	289,732	
Debt service:					
Principal	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,629,000	(29,000)	
Interest	278,000	278,000	198,023	79,977	
Contingency	7,417,784	7,204,876	-	7,204,876	
Total expenditures	13,560,012	13,471,877	5,774,908	7,696,969	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(5,938,430)	(5,807,295)	2,641,423	8,448,718	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from interfund loan	183,500	183,500	183,253	(247)	
Payment of interfund loan	(900,000)	(900,000)	(900,000)	-	
Transfers in	350,000	350,000	350,000	-	
Transfers out	(2,217,668)	(2,348,803)	(1,301,800)	1,047,003	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,584,168)	(2,715,303)	(1,668,547)	1,046,756	
Net change in fund balances	(8,522,598)	(8,522,598)	972,876	9,495,474	
Fund balancesbeginning	9,319,698	9,319,698	10,258,642	938,944	
Fund balancesending	\$ 797,100	\$ 797,100	\$ 11,231,518	\$ 10,434,418	

Water Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$-	\$ 7,303	\$ 7,303
Investment revenue	-	-	368	368
Total revenues	-	-	7,671	7,671
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	1,647,950	1,844,650	281,039	1,563,611
Contingency	65,769	65,769	-	65,769
Total expenditures	1,713,719	1,910,419	281,039	1,629,380
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(1,713,719)	(1,910,419)	(273,368)	1,637,051
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,874,124	2,105,209	395,535	(1,709,674)
Transfers out	(203,102)	(237,487)	(121,799)	115,688
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,671,022	1,867,722	273,736	(1,593,986)
Net change in fund balances	(42,697)	(42,697)	368	43,065
Fund balancesbeginning	42,697	42,697	42,902	205
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,270	\$ 43,270

Water Development Charges Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Sudgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	_	Basis	(Negative)	
REVENUES	 0						
System development fees	\$ 2,199,448	\$	2,199,448	\$	1,782,340	\$	(417,108)
Investment revenue	15,000		15,000		34,117		19,117
Total revenues	2,214,448		2,214,448		1,816,457		(397,991)
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services	9,696		9,696		4,465		5,231
Contingency	 4,909,126		4,809,176		-		4,809,176
Total expenditures	4,918,822		4,818,872		4,465		4,814,407
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures	 (2,704,374)		(2,604,424)		1,811,992		4,416,416
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(1,151,842)		(1,251,792)		(462,358)		789,434
	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	(3,856,216)		(3,856,216)		1,349,634		5,205,850
Fund balancesbeginning	 3,856,216		3,856,216		3,283,180		(573,036)
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,632,814	\$	4,632,814

Water Fund

Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP

	Revenues		Expenditures	
Budgetary Basis:				
Water Operating Fund	\$	8,416,331	\$	5,774,908
Water Capital Projects Fund		7,671		281,039
Water Development Charges Fund		1,816,457		4,465
Total		10,240,459		6,060,412
Adjustments:				
Interest from interfund loan		5,400		-
Increase in notes receivable		391,608		-
Collection on notes receivable		(487)		-
Payment of bond principal		-		(1,629,000)
Expenditures capitalized		-		(221,589)
Support services		-		597,308
Depreciation expense		-		1,688,850
Pension expense		-		23,890
Bond issuance cost		-		2,609
Amortization of bond defeaseance		-		61,010
Disposition of fixed assets		-		24,542
Revenues and expenses	\$	10,636,980	\$	6,608,032
GAAP Basis:				
Operating	\$	8,319,491	\$	6,321,848
Nonoperating		136,725		286,184
Capital contributions - grants and fees		2,180,764		-
Total - page 51	\$	10,636,980	\$	6,608,032

Sewer Operating Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

			Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
		d Amounts	Budgetary	Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
REVENUES	ć 7.7C4.7F0	ć 7,700,050	ć 0.110.000	ć <u>221 27</u> 2	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$ 7,764,750	\$ 7,782,250	\$ 8,113,623	\$ 331,373	
Investment revenue	-	-	32,432	32,432	
Other revenues	58,050	58,050	75,196	17,146 942	
Total revenues	25,000	25,000	25,942	381,893	
Total revenues	7,847,800	7,865,300	8,247,193	381,893	
EXPENDITURES					
Sewer Operating	831,946	851,219	676,509	174,710	
Sewer Pretreatment	126,332	126,332	121,268	5,064	
Sewer Treatment	2,553,107	2,553,107	2,444,602	108,505	
Debt service:					
Principal	1,675,000	1,675,000	1,725,000	(50,000)	
Interest	1,265,463	1,265,463	1,210,900	54,563	
Contingency	7,686,905	7,269,931	-	7,269,931	
Total expenditures	14,138,753	13,741,052	6,178,279	7,562,773	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(6,290,953)	(5,875,752)	2,068,914	7,944,666	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	600,000	600,000	600,000	-	
Transfers out	(3,867,017)	(4,282,218)	(1,544,051)	2,738,167	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,267,017)	(3,682,218)	(944,051)	2,738,167	
Net change in fund balances	(9,557,970)	(9,557,970)	1,124,863	10,682,833	
Fund balancesbeginning	10,260,270	10,260,270	11,635,384	1,375,114	
Fund balancesending	\$ 702,300	\$ 702,300	\$ 12,760,247	\$ 12,057,947	

Sewer Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Investment revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 58	\$ 58	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	5,199,262	5,721,262	1,287,475	4,433,787	
Contingency	87,854	87,854		87,854	
Total expenditures	5,287,116	5,809,116	1,287,475	4,521,641	
Deficiency of revenues					
under expenditures	(5,287,116)	(5,809,116)	(1,287,417)	4,521,699	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	5,735,552	6,295,822	1,365,022	(4,930,800)	
Transfers out	(463,920)	(502,190)	(77,547)	424,643	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,271,632	5,793,632	1,287,475	(4,506,157)	
Net change in fund balances	(15,484)	(15,484)	58	15,542	
Fund balancesbeginning	15,484	15,484	15,558	74	
Fund balancesending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 15,616	\$ 15,616	

Sewer Development Charges Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual Amounts Budgetary	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES							
System development fees	\$ 1,893,414	\$	1,893,414	\$	1,526,940	\$	(366,474)
Investment revenue	 40,000		40,000		59,241		19,241
Total revenues	1,933,414		1,933,414		1,586,181		(347,233)
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services	6,262		6,262		2,365		3,897
Contingency	6,183,527		6,038,458		-		6,038,458
Total expenditures	 6,189,789		6,044,720		2,365		6,042,355
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(4,256,375)		(4,111,306)		1,583,816		5,695,122
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	 (3,515,458)		(3,660,527)		(1,342,075)		2,318,452
Net change in fund balances	(7,771,833)		(7,771,833)		241,741		8,013,574
Fund balancesbeginning	 7,771,833		7,771,833		8,321,194	u	549,361
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,562,935	\$	8,562,935

Sewer Fund

Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP

	Revenues		Expenditures		
Budgetary Basis:					
Sewer Operating Fund	\$	8,247,193	\$	6,178,279	
Sewer Capital Projects Fund		58		1,287,475	
Sewer Development Charges Fund		1,586,181		2,365	
Total		9,833,432		7,468,119	
Adjustments:					
Collection on notes receivable		(1,964)		-	
Principal payment on credit facility		-		(1,725,000)	
Expenditures capitalized		-		(1,285,459)	
Support services		-		463,309	
Depreciation expense		-		1,949,018	
Pension expense		-		68,190	
Bond issuance cost		67,696		-	
Revenues and expenses	\$	9,899,164	\$	6,938,177	
GAAP Basis:					
Operating	\$	8,171,997	\$	5,727,277	
Nonoperating		202,191		1,210,900	
Capital contributions - grants and fees		1,524,976		-	
Total - page 51	\$	9,899,164	\$	6,938,177	

Stormwater Operating Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 2,374,518	\$ 2,374,518	\$ 2,534,577	\$ 160,059
Investment revenue	5,000	5,000	16,117	11,117
Total revenues	2,379,518	2,379,518	2,550,694	171,176
EXPENDITURES				
Stormwater Management	343,859	343,859	145,997	197,862
Stormwater Maintenance	657,649	657,649	436,950	220,699
Debt service:				
Principal	497,500	497,500	496,807	693
Interest	10,520	10,520	11,020	(500)
Contingency	502,263	296,870	-	296,870
Total expenditures	2,011,791	1,806,398	1,090,774	715,624
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	367,727	573,120	1,459,920	886,800
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(872,718)	(1,078,111)	(595,245)	482,866
Net change in fund balances	(504,991)	(504,991)	864,675	1,369,666
Fund balancesbeginning	703,591	703,591	1,266,749	563,158
Fund balancesending	\$ 198,600	\$ 198,600	\$ 2,131,424	\$ 1,932,824

Stormwater Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment revenue	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 15,792	\$ 13,792
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	1,425,800	2,039,955	708,414	1,331,541
Contingency	410,306	32,541	-	32,541
Total expenditures	1,836,106	2,072,496	708,414	1,364,082
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(1,834,106)	(2,070,496)	(692,622)	1,377,874
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from interfund loan	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Transfers in	680,889	939,973	323,806	(616,167)
Transfers out	(497,872)	(520,566)	(411,274)	109,292
Total other financing sources (uses)	683,017	919,407	412,532	(506,875)
Net change in fund balances	(1,151,089)	(1,151,089)	(280,090)	870,999
Fund balancesbeginning	1,151,089	1,151,089	1,452,552	301,463
Fund balancesending	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 1,172,462	\$ 1,172,462

Stormwater Development Charges Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

					Actual Amounts		riance With nal Budget
	Budgeted	Amou	nts		udgetary		Positive
	Original		Final	Basis		(Negative)	
REVENUES			_				
System development fees	\$ 746,923	\$	746,923	\$	844,784	\$	97,861
Investment revenue	 7,200		7,200		21,800		14,600
Total revenues	 754,123		754,123		866,584		112,461
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services	2,626		2,626		813		1,813
Contingency	2,534,148		2,480,457		-		2,480,457
Total expenditures	2,536,774		2,483,083		813		2,482,270
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(1,782,651)		(1,728,960)		865,771		2,594,731
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	 (140,052)		(193,743)		(4,217)		189,526
Net change in fund balances	(1,922,703)		(1,922,703)		861,554		2,784,257
Fund balancesbeginning	 1,922,703		1,922,703		1,954,372		31,669
Fund balancesending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,815,926	\$	2,815,926

Stormwater Fund

Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP

	 Revenues	Expenditures		
Budgetary Basis:				
Stormwater Operating Fund	\$ 2,550,694	\$	1,090,774	
Stormwater Capital Projects Fund	15,792		708,414	
Stormwater Development Charges Fund	866,584		813	
Total	 3,433,070		1,800,001	
Adjustments:				
Interfund loan payment	-		(496,807)	
Expenditures capitalized	-		(604,995)	
Support services	-		271,380	
Depreciation expense	-		1,059,445	
Pension expense	 -		(15,343)	
Revenues and expenses	\$ 3,433,070	\$	2,013,681	
GAAP Basis:				
Operating	\$ 2,534,577	\$	2,002,662	
Nonoperating	53,709		11,019	
Capital contributions - grants and fees	 844,784		-	
Total - page 51	\$ 3,433,070	\$	2,013,681	

Street Lighting Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Actual Amounts udgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 460,000	\$	460,000	\$	498,652	\$	38,652
Investment revenue	 -		-		12,316		12,316
Total revenues	460,000		460,000		510,968		50,968
EXPENDITURES Street Lighting Contingency Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 351,721 373,327 725,048 (265,048)		351,721 268,377 620,098 (160,098)		321,171 		30,550 268,377 298,927 349,895
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Net change in fund balances	 (490,520) (755,568)		(595,470) (755,568)		(81,301) 108,496		514,169 864,064
Fund balancesbeginning	 825,968		825,968		1,057,587		231,619
Fund balancesending	\$ 70,400	\$	70,400	\$	1,166,083	\$	1,095,683

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Street Lighting Fund Reconciliation of Budgetary Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP

	R	Expenditures		
Budgetary Basis:				
Street Lighting Fund	\$	510,968	\$	321,171
Adjustments:				
Depreciation expense		-		103,000
				, , ,
Revenues and expenses	Ş	510,968	Ş	424,171
GAAP Basis:				
Operating	\$	498,652	\$	424,171
Nonoperating		12,316		-
Total - page 51	\$	510,968	\$	424,171

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Reconciliation of Budgetary Fund Balance to

GAAP - Net Position

	Total Water		Total Sewer		Total Stormwater		Total Street Lighting	
Fund balances - budget basis:								
Operating Fund	\$	11,231,518	\$	12,760,247	\$	2,131,424	\$	1,166,083
Capital Projects Fund		43,270		15,616		1,172,462		-
Development Charges Fund		4,632,814		8,562,935		2,815,926		-
Total fund balances - budget basis		15,907,602		21,338,798		6,119,812		1,166,083
Adjustments:								
Notes receivable		1,561,983		-		-		-
Bond premium		7,827		(981,594)		-		-
Pension		(279,185)		(210,740)		(109,873)		-
Capital assets, net		48,031,931		61,958,196		23,308,739		3,698,052
Debt payable		(5,747,279)		(31,685,000)		-		-
Advances to other funds		722,147		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		(1,607,173)		-
Total GAAP Net Position - page 51	\$	60,205,026	\$	50,419,660	\$	27,711,505	\$	4,864,135

Fleet Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual Amounts Budgetary		riance With nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	 Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 1,258,370	\$	1,258,370	\$ 1,258,370	\$	-
Investment revenue	5,000		5,000	11,977		6,977
Other revenues	 -		-	 6,436		6,436
Total revenues	 1,263,370		1,263,370	 1,276,783		13,413
EXPENDITURES						
Fleet	1,643,915		1,643,915	1,478,419		165,496
Contingency	 1,016,987		1,016,987	 -		1,016,987
Total expenditures	 2,660,902		2,660,902	 1,478,419		1,182,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,397,532)		(1,397,532)	(201,636)		1,195,896
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of capital asset	-		-	25,628		25,628
Transfers out	 (2,400)		(2,400)	 (2,400)		-
Total other financing (uses)	 (2,400)		(2,400)	 23,228		25,628
Net change in fund balances	(1,399,932)		(1,399,932)	(178,408)		1,221,524
Fund balancesbeginning	1,458,032	u	1,458,032	 1,479,301		21,269
Fund balancesending	\$ 58,100	\$	58,100	1,300,893	\$	1,242,793

Adjustment from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting basis:

Deferred pensions outflows / inflows	(340,426)
Capital assets	 875,898
Fund balances - generally accepted accounting principles basis	\$ 1,836,365

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Wilsonville's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	138
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	148
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	156
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.	166
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	170

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from the City's comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	 2017		2016		2015		2014	
Governmental Activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 198,234,157	\$	191,785,289	\$	190,498,824	\$	182,563,852	
Restricted	34,559,642		24,178,890		18,600,322		15,999,315	
Unrestricted	32,704,660		30,593,354		27,891,356		27,912,417	
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 265,498,459	\$	246,557,533	\$	236,990,502	\$	226,475,584	
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 98,590,872	\$	95,953,234	\$	90,879,589	\$	84,456,922	
Restricted	17,427,504		14,116,057		11,297,463		9,135,299	
Unrestricted	27,181,950		24,217,849		20,519,909		17,811,579	
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 143,200,326	\$	134,287,140	\$	122,696,961	\$	111,403,800	
Primary government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 296,825,029	\$	287,738,523	\$	281,378,413	\$	267,020,774	
Restricted	51,987,146		38,294,947		29,897,785		25,134,614	
Unrestricted	59,886,610		54,811,203		48,411,265		45,723,996	
Total primary government net position	\$ 408,698,785	\$	380,844,673	\$	359,687,463	\$	337,879,384	

Continued on page 139.

		Fisca	l Year				
2013	2012	 2011		2010	2009		2008
\$ 172,030,623	\$ 155,303,313	\$ 150,438,791	\$	148,408,001	\$ 145,226,430	\$	142,514,681
16,256,180	19,949,141	19,192,234		21,247,738	20,870,117		22,132,604
 26,960,064	 25,930,589	 24,134,580		20,569,991	20,101,537	_	18,908,042
\$ 215,246,867	\$ 201,183,043	\$ 193,765,605	\$	190,225,730	\$ 186,198,084	\$	183,555,327
\$ 72,601,965	\$ 69,393,857	\$ 69,381,064	\$	65,194,932	\$ 68,333,124	\$	65,371,937
11,686,021	7,273,385	8,255,338		9,160,631	8,534,673		9,177,950
18,660,595	 15,624,285	 12,461,233		12,704,478	 9,904,816		10,920,689
\$ 102,948,581	\$ 92,291,527	\$ 90,097,635	\$	87,060,041	\$ 86,772,613	\$	85,470,576
\$ 244,632,588	\$ 224,697,170	\$ 219,819,855	\$	213,602,933	\$ 213,559,554	\$	207,886,618
27,942,201	27,222,526	27,447,572		30,408,369	29,404,790		31,310,554
 45,620,659	 41,554,874	 36,595,813		33,274,469	 30,006,353		29,828,731
\$ 318,195,448	\$ 293,474,570	\$ 283,863,240	\$	277,285,771	\$ 272,970,697	\$	269,025,903
			-				

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fisca				
		2017		2016		2015		2014
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	907,951	\$	860,828	\$	781,845	\$	797,639
Public safety		315,465		264,370		325,135		325,251
Transportation		322,769		206,506		605,178		275,561
Public works		883,416		703,448		685,471		714,558
Culture and recreations		307,572		316,880		223,759		190,180
Community development		3,225,297		3,444,984		3,149,667		3,057,239
Operating grants and contributions		3,008,721		3,069,041		2,724,209		2,647,055
Capital grants and contributions		15,804,150		12,794,101		10,294,361		15,488,068
Total governmental activities program revenues		24,775,341		21,660,158		18,789,625		23,495,551
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water		8,288,220		8,380,163		7,743,119		6,784,658
Sewer		8,113,623		7,846,877		7,752,314		7,198,881
Stormwater		2,534,577		2,186,329		1,557,938		1,392,150
Streetlights		498,652		476,299		447,388		421,986
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		31,203		4,721
Capital grants and contributions		6,214,042		8,803,299		9,361,910		8,321,936
Total business-type activities program revenues		25,649,114		27,692,967		26,893,872		24,124,332
Total primary government program revenues	\$	50,424,455	\$	49,353,125	\$	45,683,497	\$	47,619,883
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	Ś	3,994,533	\$	4,643,949	\$	2,092,293	\$	2,783,098
Public safety		4,349,339	•	4,124,760		3,766,895	i	3,931,951
Transportation		5,556,409		6,377,195		4,579,693		4,973,506
Public works		8,791,797		9,607,460		7,796,401		10,160,489
Culture and recreation		4,830,866		5,454,466		3,697,116		3,819,439
Community development		5,146,814		6,219,709		4,066,015		4,748,107
Interest on long-term debt		1,347,667		1,439,098		1,363,650		1,635,091
Total governmental activities expenses		34,017,425		37,866,637	-	27,362,063		32,051,681
		34,017,423		57,000,057		27,302,003		52,031,001
Water		6,608,032		6,814,839		6,468,041		9,219,979
Sewer		6,870,481		6,952,213		6,924,783		5,424,747
Stormwater		2,013,681		2,286,788		1,928,310		2,850,421
Streetlights		424,171		381,140		388,565		341,942
Total business-type activities		15,916,365		16,434,980		15,709,699		17,837,089
Total primary government expenses	\$	49,933,790	\$	54,301,617	\$	43,071,762	\$	49,888,770

Continued on page 141.

				F	iscal Y	ear				
	2013	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
\$	653,034	\$ 611,014	\$	587,408	\$	550,187	\$	680,409	\$	680,409
	427,345	480,649		533,887		365,082		356,710		356,710
	330,707	313,431		364,041		1,394,463		1,388,163		1,388,163
	644,332	670,839		646,979		624,647		633,589		633,589
	219,645	184,036		162,036		152,498		160,454		160,454
	2,594,270	2,663,637		2,328,205		1,359,674		1,794,304		1,794,304
	4,498,701	2,525,535		2,486,094		2,064,880		2,232,036		2,232,036
	14,372,709	6,816,917		4,718,798		4,644,661		1,708,482		1,708,482
	23,740,743	14,266,058		11,827,448		11,156,092		8,954,147		8,954,147
	6,830,022	5,564,931		5,056,627		4,969,233		5,393,190		5,393,190
	6,224,907	5,559,439		5,110,099		4,547,155		4,208,502		4,208,502
	1,164,818	972,101		953,103		937,249		924,072		924,072
	388,128	381,615		374,855		375,483		380,989		380,989
	4,474	3,948		-		30,634		-		-
	8,803,248	4,843,011		3,384,992		1,976,536		2,061,757		2,061,757
	23,415,597	17,325,045		14,879,676		12,836,290		12,968,510		12,968,510
\$	47,156,340	\$ 31,591,103	\$	26,707,124	\$	23,992,382	\$	21,922,657	\$	21,922,657
¢	2 720 420	¢ 2745 424	ć	2 057 402	ć	2 202 475	¢	2 6 4 9 4 9 4	ć	2 6 4 9 4 9 1
\$	2,728,128	\$ 2,715,431	\$	3,857,483	\$	2,303,475	\$	2,648,401	\$	2,648,401
	3,836,302	3,767,419		3,758,486		3,536,948		3,211,057		3,211,057
	5,008,045	4,665,878		4,421,328		5,228,701		5,011,679		5,011,679
	8,632,592	7,890,575		7,973,978		8,166,407		7,586,798		7,586,798
	3,684,702	2,324,820		2,210,216		2,474,430		1,967,497		1,967,497
	4,771,245	3,615,081		3,814,630		3,483,069		3,813,327		3,813,327
	1,657,706	1,585,132		1,532,853		1,399,271		1,129,551		1,129,551
	30,318,720	26,564,336		27,568,974		26,592,301		25,368,310		25,368,310
	6,022,898	6,492,487		5,929,144		5,470,193		5,813,041		5,813,041
	5,069,866	6,759,615		3,991,549		3,990,851		3,852,727		3,852,727
	1,742,041	1,820,865		1,772,143		3,038,784		2,201,863		2,201,863
	337,426	329,931		333,589		328,009		311,587		311,587
	13,172,231	15,402,898		12,026,425		12,827,837		12,179,218		12,179,218
\$	43,490,951	\$ 41,967,234	\$	39,595,399	\$	39,420,138	\$	37,547,528	\$	37,547,528

Continued on pages 142 and 143.

Changes in Net Position - Continued

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Net (Expense)/Revenue									
Governmental activities	\$	(9,242,084)	\$	(9,242,084)	\$	(16,206,479)	\$	(8,572,438)	
Business-type activities		9,732,749		9,733,576		11,257,987		11,184,173	
Total primary government net expenses	\$	490,665	\$	491,492	\$	(4,948,492)	\$	2,611,735	
General Revenues and									
Other Changes in Net Position									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	6,545,482	\$	6,235,290	\$	5,819,519	\$	5,427,603	
Property taxes, levied for debt service		9,790,844		9,259,675		8,903,324		7,903,772	
Franchise, transit and hotel taxes		9,357,994		8,269,638		7,918,080		7,517,049	
Interest and investment earnings		651,078		444,296		269,137		292,755	
Other revenues		591,159		647,292		970,257		522,988	
Transfers		1,246,453		80,062		(243,120)		(1,879,320)	
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets				837,257		-		-	
Total governmental activities		28,183,010		25,773,510		23,637,197		19,784,847	
Business-type activities:									
Investment revenue		337,245		291,896		103,623		173,556	
Other revenues		89,645		120,358		91,255		115,100	
Transfers		(1,246,453)		(80,062)		243,120		1,879,320	
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets		-		-		-		-	
Total business-type activities		(819,563)		332,192		437,998		2,167,976	
Total primary government	\$	27,363,447	\$	26,105,702	\$	24,075,195	\$	21,952,823	
Change in Net Position									
Governmental activities	\$	18,940,926	\$	16,531,426	\$	7,430,718	\$	11,212,409	
Business-type activities		8,913,186		10,065,768		11,695,985		13,352,149	
Total primary government	\$	27,854,112	\$	26,597,194	\$	19,126,703	\$	24,564,558	

Continued on page 143.

$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Fiscal Year											
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	(2,268,887)	\$	3,665,389	\$	(10,376,131)	\$	(15,427,756)	\$	(15,624,871)	\$	13,133,962
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$												
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$												
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$												
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		689,869		478,413		616,198		386,794		368,873		313,359
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		(163,533)		22,440		22,440		22,000		22,000		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-		14,643		9,708		(86,729)		(223,052)		1,010,243
45,561 26,562 37,607 65,692 41,683 480,214 163,533 (22,440) (22,440) (22,000) (22,000) (22,400) - - - - 39,871 413,688 271,745 184,343 278,975 512,745 1,479,695 \$ 21,055,489 \$ 19,987,461 \$ 19,742,830 \$ 19,569,665 \$ 20,585,869 \$ 12,085,671 \$ 13,137,739 \$ 6,983,123 \$ 4,027,646 \$ 2,642,757 \$ 26,012,560 6,700,931 10,515,111 2,106,490 287,428 1,302,037 7,707,271		20,641,801		19,715,716		19,281,401		19,463,855		19,056,920		19,106,174
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		204,594		267,623		169,176		235,283		493,062		982,010
- - - - 39,871 413,688 271,745 184,343 278,975 512,745 1,479,695 \$ 21,055,489 \$ 19,987,461 \$ 19,465,744 \$ 19,742,830 \$ 19,569,665 \$ 20,585,869 \$ 12,085,671 \$ 13,137,739 \$ 6,983,123 \$ 4,027,646 \$ 2,642,757 \$ 26,012,560 6,700,931 10,515,111 2,106,490 287,428 1,302,037 7,707,271		45,561		26,562		37,607		65,692		41,683		480,214
413,688 271,745 184,343 278,975 512,745 1,479,695 \$ 21,055,489 \$ 19,987,461 \$ 19,465,744 \$ 19,742,830 \$ 19,569,665 \$ 20,585,869 \$ 12,085,671 \$ 13,137,739 \$ 6,983,123 \$ 4,027,646 \$ 2,642,757 \$ 26,012,560 6,700,931 10,515,111 2,106,490 287,428 1,302,037 7,707,271		163,533		(22,440)		(22,440)		(22,000)		(22,000)		(22,400)
\$ 21,055,489 \$ 19,987,461 \$ 19,465,744 \$ 19,742,830 \$ 19,569,665 \$ 20,585,869 \$ 12,085,671 \$ 13,137,739 \$ 6,983,123 \$ 4,027,646 \$ 2,642,757 \$ 26,012,560 6,700,931 10,515,111 2,106,490 287,428 1,302,037 7,707,271		-		-		-		-		-		39,871
\$ 12,085,671 \$ 13,137,739 \$ 6,983,123 \$ 4,027,646 \$ 2,642,757 \$ 26,012,560 6,700,931 10,515,111 2,106,490 287,428 1,302,037 7,707,271		413,688		271,745		184,343		278,975		512,745		1,479,695
6,700,931 10,515,111 2,106,490 287,428 1,302,037 7,707,271	\$	21,055,489	\$	19,987,461	\$	19,465,744	\$	19,742,830	\$	19,569,665	\$	20,585,869
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	\$	18,786,602	\$	23,652,850	\$	9,089,613	\$	4,315,074	\$	3,944,794	\$	33,719,831

Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	Fiscal Year 2015	2014	2013
General Fund					
Unreserved	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Nonspendable	208,756	568,959	90,266	262,760	179,474
Restricted	176,671	182,000	180,464	120,886	255,602
Committed	2,371,400	2,206,000	4,119,000	4,034,000	3,000,000
Assigned	6,940,362	6,557,262	8,304,112	6,098,472	6,103,072
Unassigned	7,556,831	6,782,665	2,587,696	4,406,127	5,253,764
Total general fund	17,254,020	16,296,886	15,281,538	14,922,245	14,791,912
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	-	-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds	-	-	-	-	-
Permanent fund	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	4,522	660	20,709	18,255	655
Restricted	34,559,642	24,178,890	18,125,118	18,017,255	17,856,439
Committed	2,034,500	1,924,000	1,304,000	1,899,000	815,000
Assigned	22,236,762	21,993,167	13,424,953	12,335,197	11,510,687
Unassigned	-		(68,904)		(250,764)
Total all other governmental funds	58,835,426	48,096,717	32,805,876	32,269,707	29,932,017
Total governmental funds	\$ 76,089,446	\$ 64,393,603	\$ 48,087,414	\$ 47,191,952	\$ 44,723,929

Note: Effective Fiscal Year 2011 this schedule was modified due to the implementation of GASB54.

Continued on page 145.

 2012		2011	 Fiscal Year 2010	 2009	 2008
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 12,948,430	\$ 12,004,578	\$ 10,095,293
154,591		278,160	-	-	-
220,623		198,176	-	-	-
660,000		630,000	-	-	-
7,729,767 7,449,762		-	-	-	
 5,240,118 4,938,489		-	 -	 -	
14,005,099		13,494,587	 12,948,430	 12,004,578	 10,095,293
-		-	-	25,841	30,145
-		-	8,175,337	8,197,863	8,905,249
-		-	12,460,845	15,493,538	17,282,245
-		-	8,421,698	5,368,409	4,842,189
-		-	-	12,115	11,874
31,330		60	-	-	-
20,970,793		20,003,844	-	-	-
430,000		450,000	-	-	-
13,245,593		14,690,925	-	-	-
 (902,056)		(926,791)	 -	 -	 -
 33,775,660		34,218,038	29,057,880	 29,097,766	 31,071,702
\$ 47,780,759	\$	47,712,625	\$ 42,006,310	\$ 41,102,344	\$ 41,166,995

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2017		2016		Fiscal Year 2015		2014		2013
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	25,653,427	\$	23,693,885	\$	22,602,987	\$	20,822,581	\$	19,821,949
Intergovernmental	Ŷ	5,536,923	Ŷ	4,465,312	Ŷ	5,079,524	Ŷ	4,040,465	Ŷ	7,912,876
Licenses and permits		2,588,458		2,968,225		2,611,263		2,590,587		2,095,744
Charges for services		2,553,068		2,196,831		2,253,473		2,387,261		1,967,389
System development fees		5,604,943		4,383,098		3,509,264		2,937,790		2,856,439
Fines and forfeitures		237,009		4,383,098		244,535		2,937,790		
Special assessments		237,009		187,448		244,333		247,334		351,077
Investment revenue		639,103		433,401		261,716		- 287,606		-
		039,103		455,401		201,710		287,000		271,444
Developer Reimbursement		-		-		-		1 204 611		-
Other revenues		332,185		400,764		763,420		1,294,611		743,195
Total Revenues		43,145,116		38,728,964		37,326,182		34,608,435		36,020,113
Expenditures										
Current operating										
General government		3,512,075		3,560,827		3,298,854		3,193,887		3,119,706
Public safety		4,327,101		4,064,863		3,800,732		3,932,008		3,830,566
Transportation*		4,577,860		4,696,751		4,583,528		4,420,600		4,305,685
Public works*		1,624,270		1,555,703		1,694,904		1,571,556		1,543,999
Culture and recreation		4,048,067		3,901,408		3,652,486		3,328,472		3,194,630
Community development		5,002,126		5,108,684		5,023,609		4,574,487		4,929,877
Debt service										
Principal		2,098,994		2,387,532		3,015,000		8,537,000		16,173,000
Interest		1,359,752		1,438,344		1,445,624		1,614,615		1,637,230
Capital outlay		6,214,049		5,780,331		10,398,686		5,818,786		13,441,567
Total expenditures		32,764,294		32,494,443		36,913,423		36,991,411		52,176,260
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		10,380,822		6,234,521		412,759		(2,382,976)		(16,156,147)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of capital assets		-		4,941,165		7,430		24,646		5,004
Issuance of debt		-		5,000,000		-		4,500,000		12,500,000
Proceeds of interfund loan						-		4,500,000		-
Payment of interfund loan						-		(4,500,000)		-
Transfers in		5,645,468		5,585,275		10,669,422		3,991,874		6,840,052
Transfers out		(4,330,447)		(5,454,772)		(10,194,149)		(3,665,521)		(6,245,739)
Refinanced Debt		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,315,021		10,071,668		482,703		4,850,999		13,099,317
Net change in fund balance	\$	11,695,843	\$	16,306,189	\$	895,462	\$	2,468,023	\$	(3,056,830)
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures		12.45%		16.33%		18.37%		34.86%		39.30%

*Fleet was moved from a Public Works function to a Transportation function in 2006-07.

Continued on page 147.

 2012	2011	 Fiscal Year 2010		2009	 2008
\$ 18,687,975	\$ 18,301,829	\$ 18,563,276	\$	17,537,478	\$ 15,705,805
4,572,155	3,442,467	3,667,223		2,862,897	3,839,498
1,754,771	1,698,896	741,206		817,600	1,552,387
2,159,615	2,029,357	3,137,518		3,628,028	3,335,662
2,034,016	2,472,380	2,558,287		1,060,695	1,657,905
404,950	460,326	293,007		287,000	330,149
-	-	-		-	207,017
361,238	360,167	563,524		1,170,779	1,936,617
981,390	1,053,423	-		-	-
 321,441	 482,929	 1,132,553		381,987	 259,347
31,277,551	 30,301,774	30,656,594		27,746,464	28,824,387
2,978,116	2,889,297	2,702,120		2,736,250	2,460,157
3,759,006	3,752,705	3,564,996		3,209,673	2,997,046
4,163,757	4,101,501	4,760,206		4,531,414	3,468,681
2,317,533	2,230,352	2,195,740		1,990,580	2,078,855
2,311,199	2,180,547	2,053,931		1,748,050	1,488,135
3,772,696	3,867,838	3,529,006		3,762,140	4,076,353
11,241,000	23,051,000	2,702,000		5,215,176	6,610,552
1,645,515	1,500,455	1,349,746		1,120,132	1,720,249
 8,790,979	 9,539,960	 7,876,482		8,019,700	 17,857,695
 40,979,801	 53,113,655	 30,734,227		32,333,115	 42,757,723
 (9,702,250)	 (22,811,881)	 (77,633)		(4,586,651)	 (13,933,336)
479,770		959,599			1,507,779
8,000,000	31,500,000	939,399		- 31,000,000	8,200,000
-	-	-		51,000,000	4,200,000
_	-	-		-	(4,200,000)
5,997,837	3,622,326	4,460,740		5,104,170	5,311,338
(4,707,223)	(3,597,846)	(4,438,740)		(5,082,170)	
-		(7,40)		(26,500,000)	(5,288,938)
 9,770,384	 31,524,480	 981,599		4,522,000	 9,730,179
\$ 68,134	\$ 8,712,599	\$ 903,966	\$	(64,651)	\$ (4,203,157)
 			<u> </u>		
37.17%	52.88%	28.13%		40.66%	33.64%

Program Revenues by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fis	scal Year			
	 2017	 2016		2015	 2014		2013
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,000,986	\$ 860,828	\$	791,935	\$ 822,639	\$	653,034
Public safety	315,465	264,370		325,135	325,251		451,065
Transportation*	1,311,216	1,124,864		2,234,120	1,317,171		3,305,284
Public works*	14,738,840	12,616,868		9,355,847	15,614,308	-	14,582,252
Culture and recreation	4,183,537	3,348,244		2,931,921	2,358,943		2,154,838
Community development	3,225,297	3,444,984		3,150,667	3,057,239		2,594,270
Subtotal governmental activities	 24,775,341	 21,660,158		18,789,625	 23,495,551	2	23,740,743
Business-type activities:							
Water	10,874,464	11,502,425		11,464,685	8,932,423	2	1,567,221
Sewer	10,038,798	10,498,307		10,694,262	11,554,572		8,194,564
Stormwater	3,873,007	4,496,671		3,791,354	2,978,437		3,052,480
Streetlights	862,845	1,195,564		943,571	658,900		601,332
Subtotal business-type activities	 25,649,114	 27,692,967		26,893,872	 24,124,332	2	23,415,597
Total primary government	\$ 50,424,455	\$ 49,353,125	\$	45,683,497	\$ 47,619,883	\$ 4	47,156,340

*Fleet was moved from a Public Works function to a Transportation function in 2006-07.

Continued on page 149.

2012	2011		2010		2009		2008
\$ 611,014	\$ 587,408	\$	632,343	\$	695,136	\$	635,487
576,200	633,017	Ŷ	462,852	Ŷ	457,135	Ŷ	507,524
					,		,
1,062,785	963,213		2,159,116		2,435,814		1,579,076
7,316,025	5,870,786		5,218,171		2,674,287		25,399,653
2,036,397	1,444,819		1,323,936		897,471		997,114
2,663,637	2,328,205		1,359,674		1,794,304	_	2,584,583
14,266,058	11,827,448		11,156,092		8,954,147		31,703,437
7,751,248	6,656,443		5,504,540		6,444,390		7,315,083
7,094,096	6,559,246		4,973,346		4,705,275		5,965,237
1,987,464	1,263,932		1,982,921		1,354,206		3,494,106
492,237	400,055		375,483		464,639		648,580
17,325,045	14,879,676		12,836,290		12,968,510		17,423,006
\$ 31,591,103	\$ 26,707,124	\$	23,992,382	\$	21,922,657	\$	49,126,443

General Governmental Revenues Taxes, Licenses and Permits Breakdown

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Taxes			Licenses and Permits				
		Hotel/								
Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Motel Tax	Transit Tax	Franchise Taxes	Total	Business Licenses	Construction Permits	Total		
07-08	10,455,577	275,369	2,792,901	2,181,958	15,705,805	150,147	1,402,239	1,552,386		
08-09	11,416,846	218,608	3,412,030	2,489,994	17,537,478	146,831	670,769	817,600		
09-10	11,881,810	193,106	3,781,052	2,707,308	18,563,276	118,090	619,492	737,582		
10-11	11,622,593	214,109	3,893,919	2,571,208	18,301,829	148,304	1,550,593	1,698,897		
11-12	11,781,849	208,890	4,048,569	2,648,667	18,687,975	127,587	1,627,184	1,754,771		
12-13	12,668,030	242,369	3,990,885	2,920,665	19,821,949	127,817	1,967,928	2,095,744		
13-14	13,305,532	272,866	4,342,353	2,901,830	20,822,581	159,029	2,431,558	2,590,587		
14-15	14,684,907	258,374	4,597,118	3,062,588	22,602,987	187,655	2,611,344	2,798,999		
15-16	15,424,246	469,972	4,638,597	3,161,069	23,693,884	167,124	2,801,101	2,968,225		
16-17	16,295,433	476,687	5,552,582	3,328,725	25,653,427	186,811	2,401,647	2,588,458		

Source: City Financial Database

Assessed Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Manufactured Structures	Personal Property	Public Utility	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Real Market Value (RMV)	Assesed value as a percentage of RMV
07-08	1,990,701,518	3,804,826	148,204,758	53,135,980	2,195,847,082	5.3894	3,426,298,443	64.1%
08-09	2,118,528,768	2,587,776	154,814,762	57,317,440	2,333,248,746	5.5930	3,740,996,089	62.4%
09-10	2,238,849,237	2,109,242	146,408,186	73,413,350	2,460,780,015	5.3797	3,558,020,924	69.2%
10-11	2,297,751,878	1,477,037	138,643,379	64,906,300	2,502,778,594	5.1626	3,120,831,254	80.2%
11-12	2,356,793,428	1,488,886	127,983,237	64,488,750	2,550,754,301	5.1756	2,905,321,351	87.8%
12-13	2,431,588,350	1,443,509	140,544,804	59,271,200	2,632,847,863	5.5302	2,917,733,750	90.2%
13-14	2,553,479,774	1,354,850	142,768,534	60,386,090	2,757,989,248	5.3660	3,081,155,412	89.5%
14-15	2,751,369,393	1,453,131	155,535,544	64,039,448	2,972,397,516	5.5056	3,487,874,937	85.2%
15-16	2,924,835,960	1,522,105	178,004,859	68,411,660	3,172,774,584	5.4071	3,886,914,557	81.6%
16-17	3,135,553,612	1,653,415	199,338,607	66,466,388	3,403,012,022	5.3121	4,392,659,037	77.5%

Source: Assessment and Taxation Rolls, Clackamas and Washington Counties

Consolidated Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			City Direct Rate	es ¹	
	Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	Exempt Bond Rate	Urban Renewal Agency	Total Direct Rate
	07-08	2.0873	0.1594	3.1427	5.3894
	08-09	2.0464	0.1500	3.3966	5.5930
	09-10	2.0295	0.1423	3.2079	5.3797
	10-11	2.0598	0.1399	2.9629	5.1626
	11-12	2.0590	0.1372	2.9794	5.1756
	12-13	1.9953	0.1292	3.4057	5.5302
	13-14	2.0173	0.1233	3.2254	5.3660
	14-15	2.0126	0.1211	3.3719	5.5056
	15-16	1.9930	0.1050	3.3091	5.4071
without urban renewal	16-17	1.9717	-	3.3404	5.3121
restatement of rates	16-17	2.5206	-	-	2.5206

Overlapping Rates¹

Fiscal Year	Clackamas County	Clackamas County Urban Renewal Agency	Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue	School Districts	Clackamas County Community College	Clackamas ESD	Other ²	Total Direct and Overlapping
07-08	2.2303	0.0943	1.6017	7.5705	0.5957	0.2937	0.4656	18.2412
08-09	2.1864	0.1045	1.5529	7.2654	0.5834	0.2864	0.4319	18.0039
09-10	2.5131	0.1584	1.5976	7.7230	0.5589	0.2849	0.4680	18.6836
10-11	2.5444	0.1578	1.6040	8.0149	0.5553	0.2896	0.4439	18.7725
11-12	2.5480	0.1382	1.6510	8.0141	0.5404	0.2900	0.3556	18.7129
12-13	2.4683	0.1467	1.5967	7.8467	0.5347	0.2798	0.4287	18.8318
13-14	2.5055	0.0065	1.6016	7.8649	0.5489	0.2887	0.5150	18.6971
14-15	2.5029	0.0073	1.5838	7.6623	0.5476	0.2881	0.5065	18.6041
15-16	2.4791	0.0078	1.7887	7.7532	0.5798	0.2849	0.4502	18.7508
16-17	2.4546	0.0092	1.7657	7.7558	0.5714	0.2817	0.4569	18.6074

Rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

¹ Starting in 2003, urban renewal rates are seperately stated. City and overlapping rates are reduced for	15.44
for the effect of the separately stated urban renewal rates	9.8512
² Other includes: Port of Portland, Metro, and Vector Control	0.63796085

Sources:

Taxation Rolls, Clackamas and Washington Counties Rates are for tax code 003-023 within Clackamas County Rates are net of reallocation due to urban renewal

Principal Tax Payers

Current year and nine years ago

		2016-17							
						Percent			
		Assessed		Assessed		of City AV*			
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Taxes		Value				
Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	\$	1,432,199	\$	78,002,631	2.3%			
Argyle Capital LLC	Commercial Property		923,373		52,608,050	1.5%			
Truamerica Multifamily LLC	Commercial Property		861,241		47,578,331	1.4%			
Jackson Square Properties LLC	Commercial Property		839,847		45,135,125	1.3%			
LIPT Ash Meadows Lane LLC	Apartments		827,222		44,456,631	1.3%			
Coca-Cola Bottling Company	Bottling & Distribution Center		825,466		45,925,888	1.3%			
Parkway Woods Business Park LLC	Commercial Property		783,864		43,594,719	1.3%			
Fred Meyer Stores Inc.	Grocery retail		589,843		31,822,679	0.9%			
Sysco/Continental Food Service	Warehouse & Distribution Center		567,455		31,746,904	0.9%			
Indcor Properties	Commercial Property		541,183		30,097,289	0.9%			
		\$	8,191,693	\$	450,968,247	13.3%			

		2007-08						
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Taxes			Assessed Value	Percent of City AV**		
Xerox Corporation	Color Printers	\$	1,393,164	\$	80,680,238	3.7%		
Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD Software Systems		877,565		48,824,089	2.2%		
Argyle Capital LLC	Shopping Center		724,754		40,433,390	1.8%		
BIT Holdings	Hollywood Entertainment Properties		611,999		33,556,323	1.5%		
Goodman Financial Services Inc.	Apartment Rental Properties		570,420		31,720,945	1.4%		
Villebois LLC	Property development		469,603		29,015,025	1.3%		
CH Realty III/ Portland Industrial	Commerical Property		450,308		24,855,906	1.1%		
Flir Systems Inc	Thermal imaging & infrared cameras		416,932		23,164,743	1.1%		
Senior Partners Portfolio LLC	Commerical Property		405,073		25,735,774	1.2%		
SPM-Wilsonville LLC	Town Center Shopping Center		400,783		21,971,316	1.0%		
		\$	6,320,601	\$	359,957,749	16.3%		

*Total City assessed valuation base for 2016-17 was \$ 3,403,002,022

**Total City assessed valuation base for 2007-08 was \$2,195,847,082

Sources: Clackamas and Washington Counties Assessor's Offices

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected the Fisca	l Year		Total Coll	
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	of the	Levy Percentage of Levy	Collected in Subsequent Years	to Da	Percentage of Levy
07-08	10,870,774	10,505,261	96.64%	359,340	10,864,601	99.94%
08-09	11,933,979	11,432,862	95.80%	476,202	11,909,064	99.79%
09-10	12,235,865	11,466,269	93.71%	368,057	11,834,326	96.72%
10-11	11,983,119	11,222,902	93.66%	340,959	11,563,861	96.50%
11-12	12,205,591	11,477,423	94.03%	314,620	11,792,043	96.61%
12-13	13,388,794	12,341,681	92.18%	300,215	12,641,896	94.42%
13-14	13,665,828	12,956,170	94.81%	237,847	13,194,017	96.55%
14-15	15,144,759	14,347,394	94.74%	202,997	14,550,391	96.08%
15-16	15,931,672	15,120,068	94.91%	151,143	15,271,211	95.85%
16-17	16,815,942	16,233,453	96.54%	-	16,233,453	96.54%

Sources: Tax Turnover reports from Washington and Clackamas Counties

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Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds and Notes Payable	Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable	Certificates of Participation
07-08	2,430,000	-	39,059,000	25,139
08-09	2,170,000	-	38,629,000	-
09-10	1,900,000	-	36,197,000	-
10-11	1,620,000	-	44,926,000	-
11-12	1,325,000	-	41,980,000	-
12-13	1,015,000	-	38,617,000	-
13-14	695,000	-	34,900,000	-
14-15	355,000	-	32,225,000	-
15-16	-	-	35,192,467	-
16-17	-	-	33,093,473	-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements

* Personal Income and population data can be found in the demographic statistics on page 166.

Continued on page 157.

Bus	siness-Type Activities				
Water Revenue Bonds	Sewer FF&C Bonds	Water FF&C Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita*
10,598,692	4,467,380	7,875,000	64,455,211	10.01%	3,817
9,751,301	3,980,611	7,395,000	61,925,912	8.99%	3,558
9,028,910	8,473,842	6,895,000	62,494,752	8.58%	3,484
8,271,519	9,300,995	6,380,000	70,498,514	10.06%	3,912
7,484,128	42,660,378	5,845,000	99,294,506	14.02%	5,487
6,661,737	41,425,913	5,285,000	93,004,650	N/A	4,754
5,814,346	39,161,448	4,710,000	85,280,794	N/A	4,157
4,936,955	36,836,986	4,110,000	78,463,941	N/A	3,641
4,059,000	33,410,000	3,490,000	76,151,467	N/A	3,465
3,080,000	31,685,000	2,840,000	70,698,473	N/A	3,091

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt

To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Less Debt		Ratio of Net Bonded	Net Bonded
Fiscal	1	*Assessed	Gross Bonded	Service Money	Net Bonded	Debt to Assessed	Debt Per
Year	Population ¹	Value ²	Debt	Available ³	Debt	Value	Capita
07-08	16,885	2,195,847,082	2,430,000	198,772	2,231,228	0.10%	132.14
08-09	17,405	2,333,248,746	2,170,000	181,690	1,988,310	0.09%	114.24
09-10	17,940	2,460,780,015	1,900,000	171,832	1,728,168	0.07%	96.33
10-11	18,020	2,502,778,594	1,620,000	159,580	1,460,420	0.06%	81.04
11-12	18,095	2,550,754,301	1,325,000	132,649	1,192,351	0.05%	65.89
12-13	19,565	2,632,847,863	1,015,000	99,149	915,851	0.03%	46.81
13-14	20,515	2,757,989,248	695,000	66,599	628,401	0.02%	30.63
14-15	21,980	2,972,397,516	355,000	105,969	249,031	0.01%	11.33
15-16	22,870	3,172,774,584	-	-	-	0.00%	-
16-17	23,740	3,403,012,022	-	-	-	0.00%	-

* Includes Urban Renewal Increment

¹ From table *Demographic Statistics*

² From table Assessed Value of Property

³ Ending fund balances

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt

to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest ¹	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures ²	Ratio of Debt Service to Governmental Expenditures
07-08	250,000	120,110	370,110	30,734,227	1.20%
08-09	260,000	110,110	370,110	53,113,655	0.70%
09-10	270,000	99,450	369,450	40,979,801	0.90%
10-11	280,000	87,975	367,975	52,176,260	0.71%
11-12	295,000	75,935	370,935	36,991,411	1.00%
12-13	310,000	62,660	372,660	36,913,423	1.01%
13-14	340,000	33,360	373,360	36,913,423	1.01%
14-15	355,000	17,040	372,040	36,913,423	1.01%
15-16	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
16-17	-	-	-	N/A	N/A

¹ Excludes bond issuance and other costs

² Totals from *Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds* table

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last ten fiscal years

			Fiscal Year		
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total real market value	\$ 4,392,659,037	\$ 3,886,914,557	\$ 2,972,397,516	\$ 2,757,989,248	\$ 2,632,847,863
Legal Debt Margin:					
Debt limitation: 3 percent of total real market value	\$ 131,779,771	\$ 116,607,437	\$ 89,171,925	\$ 82,739,677	\$ 78,985,436
Debt applicable to limitation: General obligation bonded debt	-	-	355,000	695,000	1,015,000
Less: Amount available for repayment of general obligation bonds			(105,969)	(66,599)	(99,149)
Total debt applicable to limitation			249,031	628,401	915,851
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 131,779,771	\$ 116,607,437	\$ 88,922,894	\$ 82,111,276	\$ 78,069,585
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.28%	0.76%	1.16%

Continued on page 161.

	Fiscal Year									
		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
	\$ 2,917,733,750		2,917,733,750 \$ 3,120,831,254		\$ 3,558,020,924		\$ 3,740,996,089		\$ 3,426,298,443	
_	\$	87,532,013	\$	93,624,938	\$	106,740,628	\$	112,229,883	\$	102,788,953
		1,015,000		1,620,000		1,900,000		2,170,000		2,430,000
		(99,149)		(152,857)		(171,832)		(181,690)		(198,772)
		915,851		1,467,143		1,728,168		1,988,310		2,231,228
	\$	86,616,162	\$	92,157,795	\$	105,012,460	\$	110,241,573	\$	100,557,725
		1.05%		1.57%		1.62%		1.77%		2.17%

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

Governmental Activities

June 30, 2017

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Government ¹	Amount Applicable to Government
Direct:			
City of Wilsonville	\$ 33,093,473	100.00%	\$ 33,093,473
Overlapping:			
Clackamas County	156,730,136	6.10%	9,568,218
Clackamas County ESD	22,820,637	6.67%	1,523,141
Clackamas County School District No. 3J	229,668,066	35.41%	81,322,476
Clackamas County School District No. 86	60,820,573	13.53%	8,229,449
Clackamas County Community College	128,273,913	8.33%	10,690,348
Metro	202,735,000	1.63%	3,313,501
Northwest Regional ESD	4,465,137	0.25%	11,324
Port of Portland	62,108,214	1.51%	936,157
Portland Community College	389,260,000	0.20%	782,023
Washington County	258,870,277	0.50%	1,300,305
Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue	48,820,000	5.84%	2,851,137
Washington County School District No. 88J	 220,719,911	6.27%	 13,842,229
Total Overlapping	1,785,291,864		 134,370,308
Total Debt	\$ 1,818,385,337		\$ 167,463,781

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹The percentage applicable to government is determined on the assessed value of the overlapping districts. The numerator is the City's assessed value and the denominator is the assessed value of the overlapping district.

Source: Oregon State Treasury, Debt Management Division

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/DebtManagement/Pages/Overlapping-Debt-Request.aspx

Revenue Bond Coverage

Sewer Fund

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Net Revenue Available for Debt	Debt So	ervice Requireme	nts ³	
Year	Revenues ¹	Expenses ²	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
07-08	4,980,834	2,510,902	2,469,932	460,000	189,017	649,017	3.81
08-09	4,789,267	2,665,793	2,123,474	480,000	170,055	650,055	3.27
09-10	4,979,409	2,883,911	2,095,498	500,000	198,622	698,622	3.00
10-11	5,544,145	2,521,736	3,022,409	520,000	214,972	734,972	4.11
11-12	6,623,862	2,686,945	3,936,917	540,000	924,245	1,464,245	2.69
12-13	7,192,162	2,526,259	4,665,903	1,160,000	1,428,245	2,588,245	1.80
13-14	8,105,552	2,862,090	5,243,462	2,190,000	1,390,851	3,580,851	1.46
14-15	8,469,499	3,305,323	5,164,176	2,250,000	1,333,321	3,583,321	1.44
15-16	8,079,198	1,084,193	6,995,005	2,310,000	1,272,521	3,582,521	1.95
16-17	9,833,432	4,532,219	5,301,213	1,725,000	1,210,900	2,935,900	1.81

¹ Total revenues includes interest and applicable system development charges

² Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization

³ Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds and note payable, excludes refunded bonds

Note: There is no pledged revenue coverage requirement for the bonds outstanding as of April 2006.

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Revenue Bond Coverage Water Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

1.10 Coverage Requirement

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Net	Debt	Coverage
Year	Revenues ¹	Expenses ²	Revenues	Service ⁵	Test
07-08	6,219,203	3,051,970	3,167,233	1,270,011	2.49
08-09	5,519,892	3,134,288	2,385,604	1,277,651	1.87
09-10	5,086,008	3,044,334	2,041,674	1,113,151	1.83
10-11	5,092,813	3,180,505	1,912,308	1,112,951	1.72
11-12	5,700,484	2,906,300	2,794,184	1,112,551	2.51
12-13	6,880,192	3,473,667	3,406,525	1,113,459	3.06
13-14	6,836,067	3,781,662	3,054,405	1,108,389	2.76
14-15	7,801,054	4,080,616	3,720,438	1,106,420	3.36
15-16	8,649,627	4,718,810	3,930,817	1,087,170	3.62
16-17	8,458,119	3,952,350	4,505,769	1,840,374	2.45

¹ Gross revenues include all revenues from operations and interest. It excludes system development charges, bond proceeds, and taxes.

² Operating expenses include costs of operating and maintaining the water system.

It excludes depreciation, capital expenditures, debt service payments, and franchise fees.

³ System Development Charges are amounts used for debt and funding rate stabilization account.

⁴ Debt service reported on a cash basis.

⁵ There is no pledged revenue coverage requirement for Junior Lien Debt outstanding as of December 2007.

Continued on page 165.

Senior Lie	n Covenant			Junior Lie	n Covenant
	1.25 Coverage R	equirement	-		
System	Rate	Net			
Development	Stabilization	Revenues			Combined
Charges ³	Account	w/ SDC &	Coverage	Debt	Coverage
(SDCs)	Transfer (to) from	Stabilization	Test	Service ⁴	(1.25 test) ⁵
350,000	-	3,517,233	2.77	964,673	
350,000	-	2,735,604	2.14	773,948	
350,000	-	2,391,674	2.15	775,083	
350,000	-	2,262,308	2.03	770,544	
350,000	-	3,144,184	2.83	770,331	
350,000	-	3,756,525	3.37	772,456	
350,000	-	3,404,405	3.07	765,559	
350,000	-	4,070,438	3.68	767,860	
350,000	-	4,280,817	3.94	764,311	
350,000		4,855,769	2.64	1,827,023	

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population ¹	Personal Income ²	*Per Capita Personal Income ³	Median Household Income ⁴	Median Age⁴	School Enrollment ⁵	*Unemployment Rate ⁶
07-08	17,405	688,559,205	39,561	61,220	39.0	8,332	5.50%
08-09	17,940	728,346,060	40,599	59,709	38.9	8,281	11.20%
09-10	18,020	700,599,580	38,879	57,816	36.1	8,373	10.60%
10-11	18,095	708,147,825	39,135	55,881	35.5	8,436	9.10%
11-12	19,565	805,451,920	41,168	55,316	35.4	8,441	7.70%
12-13	20,515	886,030,623	43,189	55,443	36.2	8,728	6.90%
13-14	21,550	942,330,855	43,728	56,430	36.4	9,010	6.00%
14-15	21,980	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,111	5.74%
15-16	22,870	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,531	5.04%
16-17	23,740	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,679	3.90%

Sources:

¹ Center for Population Research and Census, PSU; www.pdx.edu/prc/annualorpopulation.html

² Estimation; Calculated, Population multiplied by Per Capita Personal Income.

³ Bureau of Economic Analysis; http://www.bea.gov; for Portland, OR MSA

⁴ United States Census Bureau; http://factfinder.census.gov

⁵ Total combined enrollment for West Linn/Wilsonville School District.

⁶ Bureau of Labor Statistics; http://data.bls.gov; for Portland, OR MSA

*Portland Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

N/A: Data was not available for this year

Top Fifteen Water System Customers

by units of consumption as of June 30, 2017

	Account	Percentage of Total
Customer	Туре	Consumption
Oregon Department of Corrections	Public	4.83
Bridge Creek Apartments	Multi-Family	2.19
Canyon Creek Aparments	Multi-Family	2.16
Boulder Creek Apartments	Multi-Family	2.06
Parkway Woods Business Park	Multi-Family	1.89
Fujimi Corporation	Commercial	1.64
Berkshire Court Apartments	Multi-Family	1.50
Wilsonville Summit Apts	Multi-Family	1.37
Hathaway Court Apartments	Multi-Family	1.27
Terene at the Grove	Multi-Family	1.24
Coca Cola Bottling	Commercial	1.17
Village at Main Street	Multi-Family	1.17
Wilsonville Holiday Inn	Commercial	1.10
KWDS	Multi-Family	1.09
Autumn Park Apartments	Multi-Family	1.04

Source: City Utility Database

CITY OF WILSONVILLE, OREGON Principal Employers Current year and eight years ago

		2	016-17
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of total City employment*
Ientor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	986	5.7%
tream International Inc.	Customer and technical support	798	4.6%
erox Corporation	Copiers and printers	687	4.0%
ysco Portland Inc.	Warehouse & distribution center	545	3.1%
ockwell Collins	Aerospace technology	475	2.7%
oca Cola Bottling Company	Beverage distribution	366	2.1%
recision Interconnect	Medical & Technical Equipment	359	2.1%
ostco	Wholesale retail	292	1.7%
outhern Wine & Spirits	Beverage distribution	283	1.6%
red-Meyer	Grocer	261	1.5%
		5,052	29.1%

		2	2008-09
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of total City employment**
Xerox Corporation	Color Printers	1,563	10.3%
Mentor Graphics Corporation	CAD software systems	1,110	7.3%
Precision Interconnect	Electronic machinery	654	4.3%
Sysco Portland Inc.	Warehouse & distribution center	582	3.8%
Hollywood Entertainment Corp.	Video rental distribution center	356	2.3%
lir Systems Inc.	Thermal imaging/infrared equipment	352	2.3%
Fry's Electronics	Retail	309	2.0%
nFocus Corporation	Data/Video Projectors	309	2.0%
Rite Aid Distribution Center	Retail & distribution center	275	1.8%
Drepac Building Products	Forest products	198	1.3%
		5,708	37.7%

* Total city employment for 2016-17 was 17,387

**Total city employment for 2008-09 was 14,612

Source: City Business License Database

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Last ten fiscal years

			Full-time e	equivalent	employe	es based o	on adopte	d budget		
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program										
General Government										
Administration	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	4.50	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Finance	9.31	9.20	9.40	8.90	9.15	8.90	8.90	8.85	8.80	8.75
Information Systems ⁶	5.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Geographic Information Systems	0.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal	3.70	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Human Resources/Risk Management	3.35	3.35	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.82	2.82	2.90
	26.86	25.05	24.75	23.75	24.00	25.25	25.25	23.67	23.62	23.65
Community Development										
Administration ³	3.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	5.50	6.50	6.00	8.40	8.40	7.75
Engineering	9.50	9.50	9.00	9.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Building Inspections	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.10	5.10	5.10	6.35	6.35	6.35
Planning	7.60	7.60	7.60	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
Stormwater/Natural Resources ³	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
	29.20	30.20	28.70	29.10	30.60	31.60	31.60	35.25	35.25	33.60
Public Works										
Administration	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	5.50	5.00	5.00	5.00
Buildings Maintenance ²	5.75	5.75	5.50	5.50	4.25	4.25	4.25	3.25	4.75	4.50
Parks Maintenance ²	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.25	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	5.50
Roads	4.05	4.05	4.05	4.05	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.25	2.75
Water Distribution and Sales	5.67	5.38	4.88	4.88	5.33	4.58	4.58	4.33	4.33	4.00
Stormwater Maintenance	2.69	1.94	1.94	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	1.84	2.25
Wastewater Collection ⁴	2.63	2.13	2.13	2.13	1.83	8.16	8.16	8.16	7.83	7.50
Industrial Pretreatment	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	25.29	23.75	23.00	22.90	29.75	36.08	36.08	34.33	34.00	32.50
Transportation										
SMART Transit	37.50	37.00	36.07	35.74	36.44	36.19	35.69	35.29	34.29	28.77
Fleet	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.50	6.50	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	5.50
	44.10	43.60	42.67	42.24	42.94	43.19	42.69	42.29	41.29	34.27
Parks & Recreation										
General Services ⁵	9.20	4.10	4.05	4.05	8.10	8.00	8.00	7.70	7.97	7.97
Senior Programs ⁵	0.00	4.10	4.05	4.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Parks Maintenance ²	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	17.45	16.45	16.35	16.35	8.10	8.00	8.00	7.70	7.97	7.97
1 th an and	46.46	16.46		16.46	16.46	16.26		16.26		12.12
Library	16.46 16.46	16.46 16.46	16.46 16.46	16.46 16.46	16.46 16.46	16.26 16.26	16.26 16.26	16.26 16.26	12.12 12.12	12.12 12.12
	10.40	10.40	10.40	10.40	10.40	10.20	10.20	10.20	12.12	12.12
Public Safety		<i>.</i> =-		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	
Municipal Court	1.65	1.70	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.95
	1.65	1.70	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.95

² Prior to FY2008, Building and Park Maintenance were reported as one program. In FY2013-14 Parks Maintenace was moved from Public Works to Parks & Recreation

³2 FTE moved from Community Development Admin to renamed Stormwater/Natural Rescources Program in 2010-11.

⁴ Wastewater Treatment (now contracted) is removed from Wastewater Collection effective FY 2013.

⁵Community Services was split into General Serives and Senior Programs in FY2013-14 and recombined in FY16-17

⁶ Information Systems and GIS were combined in 2016-2017

Source: City's Adopted Budget for relevant year.

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year							
	 2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
Function/Program									
Governmental activities:									
General									
Total Employment	17,387		16,755		14,358		16,300		14,518
Reported Wages	\$ 1,110,516,400	\$	927,719,494	\$	904,800,000	\$	868,470,652	\$	798,177,084
Transportation									
Ridership	304,976		343,793		362,891		374,408	351,374	
Cost Per Passenger	\$ 16.69	\$	12.30	\$	11.30	\$	10.44	\$	10.91
Culture and Recreation									
Library physical item circulation	439,474		452,232		490,000		490,163		515,595
Library e-book/downloadable circulation	26,770		24,346		19,000		17,175		11,263
Library volunteer hours	11,795		12,750		12,000		11,987		11,540
Library program attendance	25,969		32,044		29,600		28,681		26,776
Meals served on site for seniors	5,055		5,537		8,000		7,942		6,500
Home-delivered meals for seniors	6,950		6,175		5,550		4,403		6,500
Community Development									
Number of commercial permits	313		313		257		79		281
Value of commercial permits	\$ 51,468,385	\$	26,994,232	\$	10,451,251	\$	8,949,456	\$	65,866,867
Number of residential permits	334		181		343		57		465
Value of residential permits	\$ 73,465,000	\$	42,901,061	\$	76,208,732	\$	11,166,176	\$	60,817,484
Business-type activities:									
Water									
Annual Water Usage (Gallons)	1,043,103,204		1,061,466,604	1	L,005,932,092		911,433,512		945,427,120
Average Daily Water Usage (Gallons)	2,857,817		2,908,128		2,755,978		2,497,078		2,590,211

Source: Various City Departments

Continued on page 171.

2008		2009		Fiscal Year 2010		2011		2012			
2008		2009				2011	2012 2011				
15,143		14,612		13,809		13,555	.	14,450			
\$ 846,333,721	Ş	82,405,944	Ş	756,210,456	Ş	778,783,722	Ş	809,713,768	Ş		
295,266		312,309		306,421		344,723		370,526			
\$ 8.92	\$	9.52	\$	9.42	\$	8.62	\$	8.92	\$		
490,042		491,908		509,008		507,074		518,290			
N/A	N/A N/A					7,916		9,489			
11,008	12,512 12,061					12,556		12,929			
N/#	N/A N/A		N/A		N/A		29,360				
6,935	7,505 6,439			7,505		6,193		6,208			
6,400		6,021		6,617		6,185		6,362			
214		269		181		322		235			
\$ 41,083,420	\$	20,681,082	\$	20,490,409	\$	60,461,916	\$	44,406,434	\$		
175		74		45		63		443			
\$ 22,466,225	\$	12,692,759	\$	8,664,297	\$	9,300,787	\$	51,818,359	\$		

832,927,920	839,998,016	884,517,480	947,572,384	947,421,288
2,281,994	2,301,364	2,423,336	2,596,089	2,595,675

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Function/Program										
Tunction r rogram										
Governmental activities:										
General Government										
Acreage in city limits	4,858	4,755	4,746	4,746	4,746	4,746	4,746	4,746	4,746	4,712
Public Works										
Number of city maintained parks	12	12	13	12	11	10	10	10	10	10
Number of partially city maintained parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Park acreage*	187	187	187	187	185	201	201	201	201	201
Open space Acreage*	28	28	28	28	28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of soccer fields	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of baseball fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of playgrounds	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9
Miles of trails (in undeveloped areas of parks)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Miles of paths (in developed areas of parks)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of bridges	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	6
Number of tennis courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of basketball courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of skate parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of dog exercise areas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of water features	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of river docks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Streets										
Miles of streets	78	78	73	70	67	66	66	66	65.6	65.6
Signal lighted intersections	27	27	27	27	27	24	24	23	N/A	N/A
Freeway interchanges	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	N/A	N/A
Number of bridges	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	N/A	N/A
Number of foot bridges	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A	N/A
Business-type activities:										
Water										
Water storage capacity (millions of gallons)	10	10	10	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Miles of public water lines	119	110	107	90	85	85	77	76	76	76
Number of reservoirs	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	N/A	N/A
Number of wells	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sewer										
Miles of public sanitary sewer lines	84	80	76	73	73	73	73	72	72	72
Number of lift stations	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stormwater										
Miles of public stormwater lines	75	68	67	70	66	65	65	65	59	58
Public stomwater catchbasins	2,200	1,862	1,862	1,862	1,862	1,823	1,823	1,673	N/A	N/A
Public manholes	2,109	1,863	1,731	1,727	1,727	1,723	1,723	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of detention ponds	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Streetlights										
Number of streetlights (estimate)	2,740	2,630	2,379	2,379	2,311	2,268	2,213	2,206	2,066	2,052
Number of streetlight poles	2,383	2,383	2,214	2,214	2,144	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*Prior to 2013 Park Acreage and Open space Acreages were combined

COMPLIANCE SECTION

• Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATION

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Wilsonville, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Wilsonville, Oregon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe City of Wilsonville was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-

⁵⁴⁹⁹ AMY STREET * WEST LINN, OREGON 97068 * PHONE: (503) 723-0300 * FAX: (503) 723-9946 WWW.MERINACPAS.COM

000 through 162-10-330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* except as follows:

1. The City's aggregate Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) balance exceeded LGIP limitations for fiscal year 2016-2017 for one month out of the year.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Wilsonville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Wilsonville, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Wilsonville, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jonye My

For Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon November 21, 2017